

Certification Scheme and Competency Standard for Green Productivity Specialists APO-GPS 201:2019

Certification Scheme and Competency Standards for Green Productivity Specialists

APO-GPS 201:2019

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Foreword

This document outlines the APO Certified Green Productivity Specialists Scheme (APO-GPS) to complement the continuous efforts of the APO to build up region-wide pools of Green Productivity Specialists.

The APO Certification of Persons Accreditation Scheme (APO-CoP) for the Certified Green Productivity Specialists Scheme (APO 201) will replace APO PCPP 1002: APO Green Productivity Specialists launched in 2017 to certify participants who completed the multicountry Training of Trainers and Consultants in Green Productivity course. The APO also proposes the Green Productivity Qualification Framework. The framework will provide the standard for certification bodies to certify persons based on their competency levels.

The APO-GPS certification scheme is aligned with international standards and will enhance the APO's visibility as a leading international organization on productivity. The APO Accreditation Body (APO-AB) will serve as the scheme owner, while accredited NPOs will implement the scheme as certification bodies.

This document provides structured guidelines to certify professionals and managers as Green Productivity Specialists. Certified Green Productivity Specialists are expected to be able to:

- (a) Adopt a structured Green Productivity framework to diagnose productivity problems and related environmental issues;
- (b) Assess and implement identified productivity and environmental improvement solutions; and
- (c) Provide or conduct promotion, training, research, and consulting services to clients and/or organizations.

It is expected that the certified Green Productivity Specialists will be widely recognized by organizations in APO member countries. When certified, they benefit from:

- (a) Improved career and business prospects by integrating productivity and sustainability.
- (b) Using the authorized certification logo on business stationery.
- (c) Listing in the online registers of certification bodies and APO Accredited Certification Bodies.
- (d) Recognized commitment to ongoing professional development.
- (e) Networking with other certified persons among the Green Productivity specialist community.
- (f) Opportunities for APO international assignments and attending conferences and events.

In the preparation of this document, reference was made to the following publications:

(a) APO-AB COP 001/2019. Accreditation Scheme for Certification Bodies: Certification of Persons. General Requirements for Certification Bodies: Certification of Persons Scheme/issue 1, 2019.

- (b) APO Productivity Practitioners Certification Program; Project Report for Enhancement of Green Productivity (PREGP): PPCP 1002: APO Green Productivity Specialists (2017).
- (c) ASEAN Guiding Principles for Quality Assurance for Recognition of Certification System. 2016. 331.114 ASEAN–Standard–Human Resource Qualifications–Skill –Guidelines.
- (d) ILO-RMCS 2016. Updated Guidelines for Development of Regional Model Competency Standards. Equivalence of certificates/occupational qualification/job requirements/skill/ standard/guide/Asia/Pacific. 06.05.2.
- (e) AQRF-2015. ASEAN Qualifications Reference Framework.
- (f) Keputusan Menteri Ketenagakerjaan Republik Indonesia Nombor 161 Tahun 2015. Tentang Penetapan Standar Kompetensi Kerja Nasional Indonesia Kategori Pendidikan Golongan Pokok Jasa Pendidikan Bidang Standardisasi, Pelatihan Dan Sertifikasi.
- (g) ISC, 2015. TAE10 Training and Education. Commonwealth of Australia.
- (h) ISC, 2015. AHC10 Agriculture, Horticulture and Conservation and Land Management. Commonwealth of Australia.
- (i) ISC, 2014. MSA07 Manufacturing Training Package. Commonwealth of Australia.
- (j) ISC, 2013. SIT07 Tourism, Hospitality and Events Training Package. Commonwealth of Australia.
- (k) ISC, 2013. PSP04 Public Sector Training Package. Commonwealth of Australia.
- (I) ISC, 2009. TAA04 Training and Assessment Training Package. Commonwealth of Australia.
- (m) APO Handbook on Green Productivity, 2006.
- (n) APO GP Trainer's Resource Manual, 2002.

This document was prepared by the Technical Working Group (TWG) under the direction of the APO-AB Members of the TWG are drawn from NPO representatives, APO technical experts, and industry productivity practitioners. This document will be updated periodically by the TWG as part of continual improvement.

1. Scope of Certification

This document provides a framework for the certification of Green Productivity (GP) Specialists to conduct promotion, training, research, and consulting services to implement appropriate GP solutions in client organizations.

2. Definitions

The following definitions are used in this document.

2.1 Accreditation Body

This refers to the Asian Productivity Organization Accreditation Body (APO-AB).

2.2 APO Certification of Persons Accreditation Scheme (APO-CoP)

The APO-CoP is an APO-AB accreditation scheme for the accreditation of certification bodies (CBs) operating CoP and is administered by the APO-AB.

2.3 APO Green Productivity CSTD

This refers to the APO GP Competency Standard.

2.4 Assignment

A service/activity/task provided to clients in relation to implementing solutions to improve productivity and environmental performance for socioeconomic development.

2.5 Certification Body (CB)

An organization that takes responsibility for all tasks in the development and operation of an APO-CoP scheme. A national productivity organization (NPO) can be a CB itself, or a CB can be a governmental authority or other entity.

2.6 Assessment

Process of identifying a participant's current knowledge, skills, and attitudes against all elements of competency within a unit of competency. As in traditional education, grades or marks are given depending on how many questions are successfully answered in an assessment tool.

2.7 Certified Person

This refers to a Certified GP Specialist.

2.8 Client

This refers to individuals or organizations that engage the services of a GP Specialist.

2.9 Competency

The ability to apply knowledge, skills, and attitudes in GP improvement assignments to perform the agreed-upon services and achieve the intended results.

2.10 Consultancy

The service of providing independent, expert advice to client organizations in the field of productivity and the environment.

2.11 Copyright

The intellectual property that is exclusive and the assignable legal rights owned by the creator or originator who has the rights to reproduce, publish, perform, or record literary, artistic, or musical material.

2.12 Deliverables

This refers to the results of an assignment.

2.13 Green Productivity (GP)

A strategy for enhancing productivity and environmental performance for overall socioeconomic development.

2.14 Green Productivity Solutions

Solutions applying a combination of productivity improvement and environmental management tools and techniques.

2.15 Green Productivity Specialists

A highly skilled person with expertise in both productivity- and sustainability-related tools to address productivity and environmental management issues as well as opportunity.

2.16 Green Productivity Technologies

Technologies that are appropriate, environmentally sound, and socially acceptable while improving productivity.

2.17 Impartiality

The ability to judge or consider any matter in an objective manner.

2.18 Implementation

The process of translating decisions or plans into actions to achieve the intended effect. In the context of this document, it includes the planning, executing, and sustaining phases of the framework for productivity improvement.

2.19 NPOs

National productivity organizations.

2.20 Outcome

The result of an assignment or implementation.

2.21 Promotion

The service of advocating and encouraging organizations to adopt and practice GP concepts and improvement activities.

2.22 Research

Collecting and analyzing data and information on productivity- and environment-related topics.

2.23 Requirements

The necessary or compulsory conditions that are stated or implied.

2.24 Training

The intervention of transferring of knowledge, skills, and attitudes on GP to client organizations. Training techniques may include giving presentations, facilitating, and coaching.

3. Green Productivity Qualification Framework

This is the proposed GP Qualification Framework (Table 1) to set the competency standard for persons to be certified under APO GP Specialists Certification Scheme.

3.1 GP has an open framework to combine several of the existing, proven approaches to pollution prevention, ecoefficiency, cleaner production, and the circular economy, among

others.

3.2 To ensure a harmonious system among member countries in conducting the certification of GP Specialists, the GP Qualification Framework is proposed. The framework was developed based on the ASEAN Qualifications Reference Framework and ILO Updated Guidelines for Development of Regional Model Competency Standards.

3.3 The GP Qualification Framework is an instrument for the development, classification, and recognition of skills, knowledge, and competencies along a continuum of agreed levels. It is a way of structuring existing and new qualifications, which are defined by learning outcomes, i.e., clear statements of what the learner must know or be able to do, whether learned in a classroom, on the job, or informally. The framework provides a basis for improving the quality, accessibility, linkages, and public or labor market recognition of qualifications within a country and internationally.

3.4 The framework is based on two key components:

- a) a set of tools used to rationalize the input-throughput-output focus; and
- b) a set of defined sustainable practices (techniques) that will guide practitioners in the integration of GP with sustainability.

3.5 The emphasis of the GP Qualification Framework is not on terminology or systems. It is based on evolving the strategy of sustainability through prosperity in economic development and environmental protection.

3.6 The second essential element of the framework is quality assurance. This is vital if stakeholders within a country and the international community are to have confidence in the framework. Three important measures of quality assurance are: validation of qualifications and/or standards; accreditation and auditing of educational and training institutions; and quality assurance of assessment leading to the award of qualifications.

3.7 The APO GP Framework is proposed to facilitate mutual recognition of qualifications among member countries, harmonize qualifications wherever possible, and create acceptable regional standards where appropriate.

CERTIFICATION	QUALIFICATIO	JOB TITLES AT THIS LEVEL MAY	
LEVEL	Knowledge and Skills: Demonstration of knowledge and skills that	Application and Responsibility: Contexts in which knowledge and skills are demonstrated	INCLUDE BUT ARE NOT RESTRICTED TO
Certified Master GP Specialist (Level 8)	 Are the most advanced, specialized level at the GP frontier Involve independent, original thinking and research, 	Highly specialized and complex, involving the development and piloting of new innovations to resolve issues and seize opportunities through pollution prevention, ecoefficiency, cleaner	Production manager, environmental manager, environmental consultant, QA/QC manager,

Table 1. APO GF	Qualification	Framework.
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	resulting in the creation of new GP knowledge or practices	 production, and the circular economy, among others Require authoritative, expert judgment in managing research or organizations and significant responsibility for extending professional knowledge and practices including capacity building and policy advocacy 	quality/productivity consultant
GP Specialist (Level 7)	 Show detailed technical and theoretical knowledge of a general GP field Involve critical, independent thinking as the basis for research to extend or redefine GP knowledge or practices 	 Complex and unpredictable, involving the development and testing of innovative solutions to resolve issues and seize GP opportunities Applying GP tools and techniques to ensure intended outcomes 	Assistant manager, engineer, technical executive, quality control executive, production executive
GP Analyst/ Technician (Level 6)	 Deal with specialized technical and theoretical GP options Involve critical and analytical thinking 	 Complex and changing Requiring initiative and adaptability as well as strategies to improve activities and solve complex and abstract GP issues 	GP manager, GP adviser, GP trainer, assistant
GP Junior Analyst/ Technician (Level 5)	 Show detailed technical and theoretical knowledge of a general GP field Involve analytical thinking 	 Often subject to change Involves independent evaluation of activities to resolve complex and sometimes abstract GP issues 	GP assistant manager, GP inspector
Certificate IV GP (Level 4)	 Require technical and theoretical knowledge with general coverage of a GP field Involve adapting processes 	 Generally predictable but subject to change Involve broad guidance requiring some self- direction and coordination to resolve unfamiliar GP issues 	GP supervisor, GP quality control officer, GP management officer, waste management officer

Certificate III GP (Level 3)	 Include general GP principles and some conceptual aspects Involve selecting and applying basic methods, tools, materials, and information 	 Stable with some aspects subject to change Involve general guidance and require judgment and planning to resolve GP issues independently 	GP operator, hazardous waste handler, chemical waste handler
Certificate II GP (Level 2)	 Deal with the general and factual Involve use of standard GP actions 	 Involve structured processes Involve supervision and discretionary judgment to resolve familiar GP issues 	GP junior operator, waste handler, housekeeper
Certificate I GP (Level 1)	 Are basic and general Involve simple, straightforward, routine GP actions 	 Involve structured, routine GP processes Involve close levels of support and supervision 	This qualification provides exposure to work in the GP development area and is a pathway qualification that may lead to a vocational training qualification, career clarification, and greater participation in equity groups

3.8 For the purpose of developing the APO GP Specialists Certification Scheme, this document only covers the qualifications of GP Specialists equivalent to levels 7 and 8 of the APO GP Qualification Framework.

4. Green Productivity Specialists

4.1 General

This section defines the requirements of GP specialists.

4.2 Job Responsibilities

The job responsibilities of GP specialists may include but are not limited to the following:

- (a) Defining the scope of project assignments and details of the problems of client organizations on productivity and environmental issues.
- (b) Collecting information and diagnosing client organizations, identifying opportunities for improvement, recommending appropriate GP solutions, and assisting in planning, executing, and sustaining recommended GP solutions.

- (c) Conducting research on GP concepts and measurement or improvement techniques, developing improvement methodologies, and publishing articles related to GP.
- (d) Developing promotional and training programs and materials, giving presentations, and conducting training sessions to disseminate GP knowledge and skills with the aim of increasing capabilities.
- (e) Practicing continuous learning and professional development to acquire knowledge on relevant GP solutions and sharpening skills to better serve clients.
- (f) Facilitating GP solutions implemented in an ethical, productive, transparent manner while achieving the intended outcomes.

4.3 Tiers of Certification

Under the APO GP Specialists Certification Scheme, there are two level of certification: Certified GP Specialist; and Certified Master GP Specialist. Approved CBs are authorized to issue these designations when candidates meet the requirements outlined in Section 5.

5. Competency

5.1 **Prerequisites and Competencies**

5.1.1 The prerequisites for Certified GP Specialists (Tier 1) are shown in Table 2.

Table 2. Prerequisites for Certified GP	Specialists (Tier 1).
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Area	Prerequisite			
1. Academic qualifications	University degree with 2 years of work experience or diploma with at least 5 years of work experience			
2. GP training and assessment	 Participants can apply for certification with the requirements for proof of competence originating from: Training course or Training of Trainers and Consultants in Green Productivity; or Training in pollution prevention, ecoefficiency, cleane production, the circular economy, or material flow cos accounting; or Equivalent national or international face-to-face and/o e-learning training program; and Passed the competence assessment exam conducted by a CB 			
3. GP implementation experience and report submission	 a) Carried out at least 1 GP assignment by providing service to a client in relation to implementing solutions to improve productivity and environmental performance for socioeconomic development b) Submitted a project report to a CB within 12 months after passing the exam 			

	t at least 1 positive testimonial from a client on a oject undertaken
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5.1.2 The prerequisites for Certified Master GP Specialists (Tier 2) are shown in Table 3.

Table 3. Prerequisites for Certified Master GP Specialists (Tier 2).

Area	Prerequisite		
1. Academic qualifications	University degree with 5 years of work experience or diploma with at least 10 years of work experience		
2. Professional qualifications	Certified GP Specialist		
3. GP implementation experience and report submission	 a) Carried out at least 5 GP assignments by providing service to clients in relation to implementing solutions to improve productivity and environmental performance for socioeconomic development b) Submitted project reports to a CB 		
4. Client testimonials	Submitted at least 5 positive testimonials from clients on GP projects undertaken		

5.2 Green Productivity Domain Expertise

5.2.1 The domain expertise/competencies of Certified GP Specialists (Tier 1) are shown in Table 4.

Table 4. Domain e	cpertise/com	petencies c	of Certified GP	S	pecialists (Tier 1)).
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Area	Units of Competency	Code
GP domain	Core competencies	
expertise	1) Promote concept of GP	APO-GPS CSTD-001
(Annex A)	2) Implement GP methodology and its tools	APO-GPS CSTD-002
	3) Implement techniques for GP	APO-GPS CSTD-003
	GP consultancy	
	 Prepare a plan for a GP implementation project 	APO-GPS CSTD-004
	2) Facilitate GP project implementation	APO-GPS CSTD-005
	3) Facilitate managing GP project implementation	APO-GPS CSTD-006
	GP training	
	 Undertake organizational training need analysis 	APO-GPS CSTD-007
	2) Design and develop learning program	APO-GPS CSTD-008
	3) Design and develop learning	APO-GPS CSTD-009

	resources	
4	 Plan, organize, and deliver group- based learning in GP methodology and related techniques 	APO-GPS CSTD-010
G	P promotion	
1) Develop GP implementation agenda for an organization	APO-GPS CSTD-011
2	 Prepare a comprehensive GP promotion plan 	APO-GPS CSTD-012
3	 Prepare innovative dissemination materials based on GP themes 	APO-GPS CSTD-013

5.2.2 The domain expertise/competencies of Certified Master GP Specialists (Tier 2) include all listed in Table 4 in additional to those listed in Table 5.

Table 5. Additional domain expertise/competencies of Certified Master GP Specialists (Tier 2).

Area	Units of Competency	Code
GP domain expertise	GP Applied Research on Materials, Design, and Processes	
(Annex B)	 Conduct applied research on GP development 	APO-GPS CSTD-014
	GP policy development	
	1) Develop GP policy for an organization	APO-GPS CSTD-015
	2) Develop public policy on GP	APO-GPS CSTD-016

5.3 GP Specialist Skills/Employability Skills

The skills listed in Table 6 apply to both tiers of certification.

Table 6. GP Specialist skills/employability skills.

Area	Skills	
1. Learning	a) Undertaking self-evaluation and reflection practices	
	 b) Researching information and accessing policies and frameworks to maintain current skills and knowledge 	
	c) Promoting a culture of learning in the workplace	
	d) Seeking feedback from colleagues	
	e) Facilitating individual, group-based, and work-based learning	
2. Teamwork	a) Taking the lead and working with colleagues to compare, review, and evaluate project processes and outcomes	
	b) Managing work relationships and seeking feedback from colleagues and clients on project performance	

	-	2)	Identifying gans and encertunities using data analytics	
3. I	Problem solving		Identifying gaps and opportunities using data analytics Using time-management skills in designing and facilitating	
		,	programs	
		c)	Generating a range of options to meet stakeholders' community needs and selecting optimum options	
		d)	Calculating costs and benefits (economic, environmental, and social)	
4. \$	Self-management	a)	Working within policy and organizational frameworks	
	J	b)	Managing work and work relationships	
		c)	Meeting ethical and legal responsibilities	
		d)	Taking personal responsibility in the planning, delivery, and review of training	
		e)	Being a role model for inclusiveness and demonstrating professionalism	
		f)	Examining personal perceptions and attitudes	
5	Technology	a)	Identifying technologies that are environmentally sound and socially acceptable	
		b)	Using technology to deliver outputs and enhance outcomes	
		c)	Using appropriate technology and equipment to conduct promotion, training, research, and consultancy	
6. (Communication	a)	Interpreting client needs and addressing them using a range of communication skills, such as listening, questioning, reading, interpreting, and writing	
		b)	Writing project reports on gaps and opportunities	
		c)	Using effective facilitation and interpersonal skills, including verbal and nonverbal communication, that are sensitive to the needs and differences of others	
		d)	Mentoring, coaching, and tutoring techniques	
	Project management	a)	Researching, reading, analyzing, and interpreting workplace specifications	
	genen	b)	Motivating and engaging stakeholders	
		c)	Monitoring and improving work practices to enhance the inclusivity of GP programs	
		d)	Being creative and innovative to meet GP project needs	
		e)	Planning, prioritizing, and organizing workflows	
		f)	Organizing the human, physical, and material resources required for GP programs	

6. Code of Professional Conduct

Certified GP Specialists must always uphold the code of professional conduct in relation to clients, the public, and the profession for improving productivity and the environment. The types of conduct expected are shown in Table 7.

Table 7. Code o	f Professional	Conduct for	GP S	pecialists.
		••••••	••••	

Conduct	Demonstration of conduct
1. Respect for the profession	Act to reflect the honor of and enhance public regard for the profession of GP specialist
2. Public confidence	Act in a manner that fosters confidence in the profession of GP specialist
3. Responsibility	Represent the interests of the APO, NPOs, and the wider GP specialist/practitioner community and other relevant parties
4. Legality	Advise on and comply with applicable laws and regulations relevant to assignments
5. Professionalism	Deliver the intended results and outcomes in a timely, cost- effective manner
6. Truthfulness	Disclose details of any conflicts of interest to relevant parties if the outcomes of assignments may be affected
7. Objectivity	Maintain an independent, impartial position in decision making on matters that affect clients' needs
8. Integrity	Respect the rights of other professionals in the field by not disclosing propriety information or methodologies without prior consent
9. Confidentiality	Protect all stakeholders' information, including all copyrighted materials, and prevent unauthorized access to information
10. Efficiency	Optimize all resources to achieve the intended outcomes and complete assignments
11. Sustainability	Recommend GP solutions that are compatible with the UN Sustainable Development Goals
12. Resourcefulness	Mobilize relevant GP improvement solutions and resources to ensure the success of assignments
13. Proficiency	Exhibit the competence required to perform assignments for clients and, if necessary, complement this with advice and assistance from other parties
14. Agility	Demonstrate the ability to respond to changing needs or expectations of clients and stakeholders
15. Commitment to continual improvement	Adhere to the principles of productivity improvement by evaluating the impacts of technical interventions and providing innovative productivity solutions

7. Certification & Recertification Process

7.1 General

GP Specialists who meet the prerequisites and competency requirements may apply to a CB to be certified under the scheme. Details of the initial certification and recertification of Certified GP Specialists are outlined in Table 8.

Table 8. Certification and recertification of APO Certified GP Spe	cialists.
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Area	Duration and Requirements
1. Certification	 a) GP Specialists who meet the criteria outlined in Section 5 are certified under the APO Certified GP Specialist Scheme for a period of 3 years for Tier 1 and 5 years for Tier 2
	 b) During the period of certification, GP Specialists must comply with the Code of Professional Conduct outlined in Section 6 or equivalent Code of Conduct prescribed by a CB
2. Recertification	 a) The recertification duration is 3 years from the date of initial certification or recertification for Tier 1 and 5 years for Tier 2
	 b) During the period of certification, Certified GP Specialists must comply with the Code of Conduct outlined in Section 6 or equivalent Code of Conduct prescribed by a CB

7.2 Recommended Certification and Recertification Process

The certification and recertification processes recommended for CBs to follow are shown in Tables 9–12.

7.2.1. Certified GP Specialists (Tier 1)

Table 9. Certification process for Certified GP Specialists (Tier 1).

Process step	Activity	
1. Training	 a) Applicants attend the relevant GP training programs (outlined in Section 5) within the three-year period immediately prior to the application 	
	 b) For training completed more than three years previously, applications will be considered if evidence of recent work experience and engagement in GP assignments is presented 	
2. Examination	Applicants pass the Competence Assessment Examination conducted by a CB. In case of failure, the applicant may retake the examination	

3. Submission of application	Applicants complete the CB-prescribed application form and submit it together with supporting documents and chargeable fee (if any)
4. Desktop assessment	The CB conducts a desktop assessment of the application to ensure that all criteria are met and verify the authenticity of supporting documents
5. Panel assessment	The CB conducts a face-to-face assessment by a panel of assessors to determine the competency of the applicant. Successful applicants are recommended for certification by 2 or more assessors appointed by the CB
 Evaluation of submitted GP report 	The submitted GP report is evaluated by 2 or more assessors appointed by the CB
7. Approval of certification	The recommendation for certification of the applicant is approved by a designated authority in the CB
8. Commencement of certification	a) The applicant signs an undertaking to comply with the rules of the CB and the Code of Professional Conduct before being issued a coded certificate traceable by interested parties
	 b) The certified person progressively documents the required continuous professional development (CPD) hours and applies for recertification at the end of 3 years

7.2.2. Certification Process for Master GP Specialists (Tier 2)

Table 10. Certification process for Certified Master GP Specialists (Tier 2).

Process step	Activity
1. Submission of application	Applicants complete the CB-prescribed application form and submit it together with supporting documents and chargeable fee (if any). Applicants need to submit the documents stated in Section 5.2
2. Desktop assessment	The CB conducts a desktop assessment of the application to ensure that all criteria are met and verify the authenticity of supporting documents
3. Panel assessment	If necessary, the CB may conduct a face-to-face interview by a panel of assessors to determine the competency of applicants. Successful applicants are recommended for certification by 2 or more assessors appointed by the CB
4. Evaluation of submitted GP report	The submitted GP report is evaluated by 2 or more assessors appointed by the CB

5.	Approval of certification	The recommendation for certification of the applicant is approved by a designated authority in the CB	
6.	Commencement of certification	a)	The applicant signs an undertaking to comply with the rules of the CB and the Code of Professional Conduct before being issued a coded certificate traceable by interested parties
		b)	The certified person progressively documents the required CPD hours and applies for recertification at the end of 5 years

7.2.3. Recertification for GP Specialists (Tier 1)

Table 11. Recertification	requirements for G	SP Specialists (Tier 1).

Area	Requirements for Recertification			
1. CPD; or	The certified person undertakes a minimum of 90 hours of CPD in the previous 3 years. Activities recognized as CPD include:			
	Attending courses, conferences, seminars, and workshops			
	 Participating in technical discussion meetings or similar events 			
	 Making technical presentations in classes, symposiums, or similar events 			
	Teaching GP-related courses			
	Undertaking other related activities recognized by the CB			
 GP project implementation; and 	A minimum of 3 GP projects implemented or equivalent to 30 man-days of GP implementation			
3. Client testimonials	Submit at least 2 positive testimonials from clients from the previous 3 years			

7.2.4. Recertification for Master GP Specialists (Tier 2)

Table 12. Recertification requirements for Master GP Specialists (Tier 2).

Area	Requirements for Recertification		
1. CPD; or	The certified person undergoes a minimum of 150 hours of CPD in the previous 5 years. Activities recognized as CPD include:		
	Attending courses, conferences, seminars, and workshops		
	 Participating as a resource person in technical discussion meetings or similar events 		
	 Making technical presentations in classes, symposiums, or similar events 		

	Teaching GP-related courses
	Advocating GP-related policies
	 Publishing books or professional articles
	Undertaking other related activities recognized by the CB
 GP project implementation; and 	A minimum of 5 GP projects implemented or 50 man-days of GP project implementation
3. Client testimonials	Submit at least 5 positive testimonials from clients from the previous 5 years

7.2 Suspension and Withdrawal

CBs will set up a channel for public feedback or complaints on the performance of certified persons. Upon receiving feedback, a CB independently investigates and establishes a fair resolution. Thereafter, the CB implements the resolution. In the event the certified person is found to have infringed any laws and regulations or the Code of Professional Conduct under this scheme, actions including warnings, suspension, and withdrawal of certification may be taken. The recommended disciplinary actions based on the nature of infringements are shown in Annex C.

7.3 Feedback on Certification Bodies

Feedback made by third parties or outside parties concerning CBs will be directed to the Chair of the APO-AB.

ANNEXES

Annex A: Standard of Competency for APO Green Productivity Specialists (Tier 1)

UNIT TITLE:		PROMOTE THE CONCEPT OF GP					
UNIT NUMBER UNIT DESCRIPTOR:		APO-GPS CSTD-001					
		This unit deals with skills, knowledge, and attitudes required to understand sustainable development and GP. This unit contains employability skills.					
EL	EMENTS	PERFORMANCE CRITERIA					
1.	Review	1.1. Productivity concepts are reviewed.					
	Productivity	1.2. Productivity principles are reviewed.					
	Concept and Principles	1.3. Multifactor productivity areas are identified.					
2.	Review	2.1. Sustainable use of natural resources is reviewed.					
	Ecological	2.2. Protection of ecological balance is reviewed.					
	Concepts	2.3. Protection of plant and animal species and their environment is reviewed.					
3.	Identify	3.1. Resource efficiency, security, and productivity are analyzed.					
	Relationships	3.2. Low-carbon products are identified.					
	among	3.3. Environmental management is defined.					
	Productivity, the	3.4. The circular economy is defined.					
	Environment,						
	and						
	Socioeconomic						
	Development						
4.	Review GP	4.1. GP is defined.					
	Concept	4.2. The triple focus of GP is identified.					
		4.3. Characteristics of GP are distinguished.					
		4.4. Conventional versus GP practices are reviewed.					
_	I de la tife a Occialita a	4.5. Multisector coverage of GP is reviewed.					
	Identify Guiding Principles of GP	5.1. GP principles are reviewed and interpreted.					
6.	Driving Forces of	6.1. External forces are identified.					
_	GP	6.2. Internal forces are identified.					
7.	Identify Benefits of GP	7.1. Productivity is improved through resource efficiency.7.2. Environmental conservation and Improving resource security are identified.					
		7.3. Reducing life-cycle impacts is explained.					
		7.4. Health and safety are improved for workforces and					
		communities.					
_		7.5. Quality of life is enhanced.					
8.	Communicate	8.1. The APO concept of GP is defined for effective					
	APO Concept of	communication.					
	GP to the Public	8.2. Effective facilitation and interpersonal skills are used to					
		communicate the APO concept of GP.					

To demonstrate competency, the candidate must meet all performance criteria and skills and knowledge requirements. The candidate must be able to:

Produce clear, understandable written/verbal/visual communication.

Provide prompt responses to requests for information.

CRITICAL SKILLS AND ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE

Critical aspects and essential knowledge for assessment and evidence are required to demonstrate competency in this unit.

- Critical skills include the ability to:
 - Use effective facilitation and interpersonal skills, including verbal and nonverbal communication that is sensitive to the needs and differences of others.
- Essential knowledge includes
 - Communication methods relevant to the workplace and work roles.

RANGE STATEMENT

The range statement relates to the unit of competency as a whole. It takes into account different work environments and situations that may affect performance.

 Productivity Concepts 	 Technical concepts
	 Social concepts
	 Economic concepts
	 Management concepts
	 Integrated concepts
 Productivity Principles 	 Principle of increase in employment
	 Principle of labor-management cooperation
	 Principle of fair distribution
 Triple Focus of GP 	 Environment (sustainable development)
	 Quality and safety (voice of customers)
	 Profitability (factor inputs)
 Characteristics of GP 	 Environmental compliance
	 Productivity improvement
	 Integrated people-based approach
	 Information-driven improvement

UNIT TITLE:	IMPLEMENT GP METHODOLOGY AND ITS TOOLS				
UNIT NUMBER	APO-GPS CSTD-002				
UNIT DESCRIPTOR:	This unit deals with skills, knowledge, and attitudes required to implement GP methodology. This unit contains employability skills.				
ELEMENTS	PERFORMANCE CRITERIA				
1. Analyze and	1.1. GP methodology is reviewed				
Interpret the	1.2. The vicious cycle of bad quality and poor productivity is				
Overview and	analyzed.				
Framework of	1.3. The input and output process is reviewed through MFCA.				
GP Methodology	1.4. Kaizen vs. innovation is interpreted.				
	1.5. Continuous improvement through PDCA is explained.				
	1.6. Commitment and involvement of top management is				
	interpreted.				
	1.7. Barriers to commitment are analyzed.				
	1.8. Means of gaining commitment are identified.				
	1.9. Six steps and 13 tasks of GP methodology are identified.				
2. Identify and	2.1. Tools for GP are identified.				
Implement GP	2.2. GP tools are implemented according to steps and tasks.				
Tools					

3.	Step 1: Getting Started	3.1. Task 1: Team formation
		3.2. Task 2: Walk-through survey/information collection
4.	Step 2: Planning	4.1. Task 3: Identification of problems and causes
		4.2. Task 4: Setting objectives and targets
5.	Step 3:	5.1. Listing hierarchy of tasks in generating and evaluating GP
	Generation and	options
	Evaluation of GP	5.2. Reviewing existing GP options
	Options	5.3. Task 5: Generating new GP options
		5.4. Task 6: Screening and evaluating GP options
		5.5. Task 7: Developing GP implementation plans
6.	Step 4:	6.1. Task 8: Implementing selected GP options
	Implementation	6.2. Task 9: Training, awareness building, and developing
	of GP Options	competence
7.	Step 5:	7.1. Task 10: Monitoring and evaluating results
	Monitoring and	7.2. Task 11: Performing management review
	Review	
8.	Step 6:	8.1. Task 12: Incorporating changes into organizational
	Sustaining GP	management systems
		8.2. Task 13: Adding new/additional problem areas for continuous
		improvement

EVIDENCE GUIDE

To demonstrate competency, the candidate must meet all performance criteria and skills and knowledge requirements. The candidate must be able to:

- Demonstrate all of the elements and performance criteria in this unit in 5 dimensions of competency (task skills, task management skills, contingency skills, job/role environment skills, and transfer skills).
- Produce clear, understandable written/verbal/visual communication.
- Provide prompt responses to requests for information.

CRITICAL SKILLS AND ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE

Critical skills and essential knowledge for assessment and evidence are required to demonstrate competency in this unit.

- Critical skills include the ability to:
 - Follow GP methodology consistently in a step-by-step process.
 - Practice using GP tools to achieve competency.
 - Use effective facilitation and interpersonal skills, including verbal and nonverbal communication that is sensitive to the needs and differences of others.
- Essential knowledge includes:
 - Communication methods relevant to the workplace and work roles.
 - Collaboration and integration of management systems supporting GP development.

RANGE STATEMENT

The range statement relates to the unit of competency as a whole. It takes into account different work environments and situations that may affect performance.

 GP may include three 	 Step-by-step problem-solving framework
components:	 Tools, techniques, and methodologies used in
	conjunction with the framework

		~	Social, economic, environmental, and cultural principles
		0	and values that govern the choice of tools, techniques,
			and technologies and design of the GP process
•	Barriers to	0	Attitudinal barriers
	Commitment	0	Information-related barriers
		0	Technical barriers
		0	Economic barriers
•	GP Tools	0	Brainstorming
		0	Flowcharts
		0	Process flow diagrams
		0	Plant layout
		0	Ecomapping
		0	Concentration diagrams
		0	Checksheets
		0	Checklists
		0	Material balance
			Energy balance
		0	Ishikawa diagrams Pareto charts
		0	Control charts
		0	Spiderweb diagrams
		0	Failure-mode effect analyses
		0	Cost-benefit analyses
		0	Benchmarking
		0	Decision matrices
		0	Life-cycle assessments
		0	MFCA
		0	Time-motion studies
•	Six Steps and 13	0	Step 1: Getting started
	Tasks of GP		Task 1. Team formation
	Methodology		 Task 2. Walk-through survey and information
			collection
		0	Step 2: Planning
			Task 3. Identification of problems and causes Task 4. Setting chiestives and targets
			 Task 4. Setting objectives and targets Step 3: Generating, evaluating, and prioritizing GP
		0	options
			Task 5. Generating GP options
			Task 6. Screening, evaluating, and prioritizing
			GP options
		0	Step 4: Implementing GP options
			Task 7. Formulating GP implementation plans
			Task 8. Implementing selected options Task 0. Training, and
			 Task 9. Training, awareness building, and developing competence
		0	developing competence Step 5: Monitoring and reviewing
		0	Task 10. Monitoring and evaluating results
			 Task 10. Monitoring and evaluating results Task 11. Management review
		0	Step 6: Sustaining GP
		-	

			 Task 12. Incorporating changes into organizational management systems
			Task 13. Identifying new/additional problem
			areas for continuous improvement
	Problems may include	0	Process
	but not be limited to:	0	Chemicals
		0	Energy
		0	Water
		0	Human resources
		0	Costs
		0	Waste generation: water, solid waste, and air emissions
		0	Production
		0	Capacity utilization
		0	Product quality and safety
		0	Market demand
		0	Raw materials
		0	Occupational health and safety
		0	Working conditions (heat, lighting, noise, air quality, ventilation)
		0	Facilities
		0	Supply chains
•	Objectives can include	0	Meeting sector-specific production and emission norms
	commitments to:	0	Designing products and processes to minimize their
			environmental impact in production, use, and disposal
		0	Controlling the environmental impact of extraction and
			use of raw materials
		0	Promoting GP awareness among employees and the
			community
		0	Enhancing workforce and community health and safety

UNIT TITLE:	IMPLEMENT TECHNIQUES FOR GP	
UNIT NUMBER	APO-GPS CSTD-003	
UNIT DESCRIPTOR:	This unit deals with knowledge, skills, and attitudes required to implement GP techniques. This unit contains employability skills.	
ELEMENTS	PERFORMANCE CRITERIA	
1. Review Methods to	1.1. GP techniques are organized and categorized.	
Generate Options	1.2. Operating procedures are reviewed for improvement.	
	1.3. MFCA flow models are reviewed in monetary and environmental terms.	
	1.4. Waste stream segregation is reviewed.	
2. Analyze Good	2.1. 5S is reviewed as a management guide.	
Housekeeping	2.2. 7 Wastes are used as a guide when identifying areas for improvement.	
	3.1. Effectiveness of preventive measures is reviewed.	

3. Identify Preventive Maintenance Options	3.2. Total productive maintenance techniques and systems are reviewed.
4. Identify Areas for	4.1. The 3Rs are reviewed on a case-by-case basis.
Resource Conservation	4.2. Energy efficiency and conservation measures are reviewed.
	 Alternative and renewable energy options are reviewed.
5. Review Input Material Changes	5.1. Input material changes are reviewed.
 Review Process/Equipment Changes 	6.1. Process/equipment changes are reviewed.
7. Identify Pollution	7.1. Air emission control measures are reviewed.
Control	7.2. Wastewater management measures are reviewed.
	7.3. Solid and hazardous waste management measures are reviewed.
	7.4. Working conditions are reviewed.
8. Review Design for Environment	 8.1. Design strategies for environmental sustainability are reviewed.
	8.2. The packaging standard is reviewed.
	8.3. The product quality standard is reviewed.
9. Review Life-cycle Assessment	9.1. Life-cycle assessment is reviewed.
10. Review Logistics Operations	 GHG emissions are reviewed to identify low- carbon options.
11. Review Green Procurement and	11.1. Management policies and practices for green procurement are identified.
Green Products	11.2. Ecolabeling requirements for products are observed.
12. Determine Costs and Level of Improvement	12.1. Cost of implementing the technique is optimized.
EVIDENCE GUIDE	
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To demonstrate competency, the candidate must meet all performance criteria and skills and knowledge requirements. The candidate must be able to:

- Demonstrate all of the elements and performance criteria in this unit, within 5 dimensions of competencies (task skills, task management skills, contingency skills, job/role environment skills, and transfer skills).
- Produce clear and understandable written/verbal/visual communication.
- Provide prompt responses to requests for information.

CRITICAL SKILLS AND ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE

Critical aspects and essential knowledge for assessment and evidence are required to demonstrate competency in this unit.

- Critical skills include the ability to:
- Consistently implement GP techniques.
- Practice implementing GP techniques to achieve competency.
- Use effective facilitation and interpersonal skills, including verbal and nonverbal communication that is sensitive to the needs and differences of others.

 Essential knowledge includes: Communication methods relevant to the workplace and work roles. Principles, concepts, and theories of GP systems supporting GP implementation techniques. 			
	es to the unit of competency as a whole. It allows for different tuations that may affect performance.		
GP Techniques	 Waste prevention 		
have been	 Resource conservation 		
categorized as	 Pollution control 		
under:	 Product improvement 		
under.	 Productivity and quality improvement 		
 Operating 	 Operating procedures and process specifications 		
Procedures may	 Scheduling Operations 		
include:	 Equipment operation procedures 		
include.	 Maintenance procedures 		
	 Material and product handling and storage 		
	 Safety considerations for staff 		
	 Comparison with resource and energy consumption 		
	norms		
 5S Techniques 	 Seiri: Sorting 		
include:	 Seiton: Arranging 		
	 Seiso: Cleaning and inspecting 		
	 Seiketsu: Improving and standardizing 		
	 Shitsuke: Self-discipline 		
 Seven Wastes 	 Waiting 		
may include:	 Transporting 		
	 Processing 		
	 Inventory 		
	 Motions 		
	• Defects		
	• Overproduction		
 Preventive 	• Cleaning		
measures may	 Lubrication Inspection of protoctive conting 		
include:	 Inspection of protective coating Replacement of parts and overhauls 		
- Enormy			
 Energy Conservation and 			
Efficiency are	 Energy transfer Energy utilization 		
possible at five	 Energy recovery 		
points:	 Energy management 		
 Environmental 	 Selection of low-impact materials 		
Strategies may	 Optimization of initial lifetime 		
include:	 Reduction of the environmental impact in the user 		
	stage		
	 Data-driven decision support systems 		
	 Optimization of production techniques 		
	 Efficient logistics operations 		
 MFCA may 	 Mass balance 		
include	 Positive and negative products 		
	 Positive and negative ratios 		

UNIT TITLE:	PREPARE A PLAN FOR A GP IMPLEMENTATION PROJECT						
UNIT NUMBER	APO-GPS CSTD-004						
UNIT DESCRIPTOR:	This unit deals with knowledge, skills, and attituded required to develop GP implementation projects as responses to proposals offered. It requires the ability to analyze client specifications or needs, determine organizational ability to meet those requirements, and prepare and present information relevant to client criteria or needs. This unit contains employability skills.						
ELEMENTS	PERFORMANCE CRITERIA						
 Identification of issues/problems 	 1.1. Project brief and needs are analyzed. 1.2. Clarification of green product and service requirements is sought from organizations requesting or requiring the project. 1.3. Assessment of organizational capacity is completed to suggest GP projects. 1.4. Viability is assessed, and if a proposal is requested, a plan of action is determined for submission. 						
2. Develop details	2.1. Objectives are determined.						
for inclusion in	2.2. Scope and timeline are determined.						
proposal	2.3. Approach and methodology are determined.						
	2.4. Project team is set up.						
	2.5. GP practice hours are identified.						
	2.6. Budget is prepared for implementing the project.						
	2.7. Operational information is collected and collated for analysis and inclusion in proposal.						
	2.8. Supporting information accessed and prepared for inclusion in proposal.						
	2.9. Support is sought for proposal from relevant individuals and agencies .						
3. Prepare written project	3.1. Clear and comprehensive information relevant is presented to client.						
plan/proposal	3.2. All supporting information is incorporated.						
	3.3. Materials according to organizational style preferences in a format that maximizes the use of strategic and creative techniques are presented and promoted.						
	3.4. Completed proposal, any required adjustments, and approval to submit are evaluated.						
4. Submit written notification to	4.1. All proposal materials designated by location and within deadlines are recorded.						
supervisor/head of organization	4.2. Copies of project documents are maintained according to organizational procedures.						
-	4.3. Additional information provided as requested.4.4. Feedback on project outcomes is reviewed to inform future						
	proposals.						

EVIDENCE GUIDE

The evidence guide must be read in conjunction with the performance criteria, required skills and knowledge, and range statement.

To demonstrate competency, the candidate must meet all performance criteria and skills and knowledge requirements. The candidate must be able to:

- Demonstrate all of the elements and performance criteria in this unit, within 5 dimensions of competencies (task skills, task management skills, contingency skills, job/role environment skills, and transfer skills).
- Produce clear and understandable written/verbal/visual communication.
- Provide prompt responses to requests for information.

CRITICAL SKILLS AND ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE

Critical aspects and essential knowledge for assessment and evidence are required to demonstrate competency in this unit.

- Critical skills include the ability to:
 - Prepare multiple proposals in response to diverse project specifications or client needs.
 - Effectively analyze client project specifications or needs and clearly and comprehensively present information that is relevant to client criteria or needs.
 - Present professional and creative proposals which promote the organization.
 - Use effective facilitation and interpersonal skills, including verbal and nonverbal communication that is sensitive to the needs and differences of others.
- Essential knowledge includes:
 - o Communication methods relevant to the workplace and work roles.
 - o Gull details of organizational products, services, and facilities.
 - Operational requirements.
 - Sources of costs for products and services.
 - Sources of organizational information to be included in project proposals.

RANGE STATEMENT

The range statement relates to the unit of competency as a whole. It allows for different work environments and situations that may affect performance.

•	Project brief may detail:	 Criteria Details of selection process Eligibility for submission of a project Project specifications
-	GP Practice Hours	 Applicants must have spent at least 360 hours on recognized GP projects within the previous 6 months. Information components to record the practice of applying GP: Client company/title of assignment Contact person telephone/email Duration of assignment Team size Hours spent by team Applicant's role in assignment Hours spent by applicant
•	Assessment of organizational capacity may include:	 Budgetary constraints outlined in the project brief Compliance with regulations Diversification from range of products and services currently offered Geographic constraints Likely profit Other conflicting projects Resource capacity of organization to provide scope of products and services

[0	Risk assessment of providing the products and
		0	
			services
•	Viability may involve:	0	Ability to meet the project deadline
		0	Ability to meet the project criteria and provide full
			information required
•	Operational information	0	Capacity of facilities to implement the project
	may include:	0	Facility management requirements
		0	Environmental sustainability policies and procedures
		0	Project management services
		0	Resources that will be utilized (physical and human)
		0	Policies, procedures, and practices.
•	Relevant individuals	0	Community agencies
	and agencies may	0	Government agencies
	include:	0	High-profile leaders
		0	Local businesses
		0	Sponsors
		0	Statutory authorities

UNIT TITLE: UNIT NUMBER	FACILITATE GP PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION				
UNIT DESCRIPTOR:	APO-GPS CSTD-005 This unit specifies the competency required to facilitate group engagement in GP implementation projects. This unit contains employability skills.				
ELEMENTS	PERFORMANCE CRITERIA				
1. Prepare GP project	1.1. The needs of the organization are researched and confirmed.				
implementation	1.2. Constraints in implementation are identified.				
plan	 A facilitation guide for GP implementation is developed with stakeholders. 				
	1.4. Resources that allow a work-based GP approach are researched and collated.				
	1.5. Information about the GP implementation process is distributed to all personnel in the group.				
2. Introduce GP	2.1. An environment conducive to collaboration and safety is created.				
	2.2. Communication and interpersonal skills are used to welcome and engage the group.				
	2.3. The expectations, knowledge, and expertise of individuals in the group are identified and acknowledged.				
	2.4. The principles of GP are explained and discussed.				
	2.5. Anticipated objectives, outputs, outcomes, and evaluation methods are clarified and confirmed.				
	2.6. Resources are introduced and discussed.				
3. Facilitate GP implementation	3.1. The group is guided to jointly develop an action plan and modify it as required.				
	3.2. Agenda items are scheduled and activities are timed to suit the project needs and maximize participation and engagement.				

	3.3. Employability skill development is encouraged through facilitated learning.
	3.4. The strengths and relationships within the group are observed and extended to improve the organization's experience and maintain group dynamics.
	3.5. Problem solving, contingency management, and time management skills and strategies are used to address issues as they arise.
	3.6. Information to assist with implementation of GP solutions outside the agenda is distributed and discussed.
	3.7. Documentation and record keeping are carried out continuously.
4. Continuous monitoring and	4.1. The effectiveness of communication within the group is discussed and evaluated.
evaluation of milestones	4.2. Groups are supported to self-assess and reflect on personal and group learning.
	4.3. A range of evaluation methods is used to periodically evaluate and document progress against the objectives/intended outcomes of the facilitation guide.
	4.4. Ongoing evaluations and reflections are synthesized and used to continuously modify or adapt GP process and individual/group activities.
5. Identify ongoing group	5.1. Organization/Learners are supported and encouraged to determine agreed directions and future.
purpose and	5.2. Guidance is provided to address group deliberations.
sustainability	5.3. The agreed directions and outcomes are defined.
6. Agreed directions and outcomes are	6.1. The group's overall evaluation of the GP implementation process is facilitated in line with the agreed evaluation process.
defined	6.2. The group evaluation is documented and endorsed.
	6.3. The group is supported to promote and disseminate outcomes and any outputs/products.
	6.4. All documentation in relation to the action learning project is filed according to organizational requirements.
7. Reflect on personal	7.1. Feedback from the GP implementing group and other stakeholders is gathered and analyzed.
facilitation skills	7.2. Self-assessment and reflection are carried out to evaluate own performance.
	7.3. Feedback on personal facilitation skills is sought from colleagues or other relevant persons.
	7.4. Feedback is synthesized to determine improvements for future action learning.

EVIDENCE GUIDE

To demonstrate competency against this unit candidates must be able to provide evidence that they can apply organizational, communication, interpersonal, and group leadership skills to effectively facilitate a group GP project.

The facilitator must demonstrate the ability to engage and motivate the group using a variety of activities, processes, or techniques to maintain the interest of all individuals. The facilitator must also demonstrate the ability to ensure that all group members feel able to

contribute equally and are able to mutually determine their own direction and outcomes within the parameters set by the work objectives.

The facilitator must maintain the relevance of group discussions to the purpose of the project and assist the group members in learning from each other and their experiences.

CRITICAL SKILLS AND ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE

Critical aspects and essential knowledge for assessment and evidence are required to demonstrate competency in this unit.

- Critical skills include the ability to:
 - Use effective facilitation and interpersonal skills, including verbal and nonverbal communication that is sensitive to the needs and differences of others.
 - Use required technology.
 - Show group management skills.
 - Show problem-solving skills.
- Essential knowledge includes:
 - Communication methods relevant to the workplace and work roles.
 - Learning principles.
 - Group learning dynamics.
 - Ensuring fairness of learning opportunities.
 - Workplace relations.

RANGE STATEMENT

The range statement relates to the unit of competency as a whole. It allows for different work environments and situations that may affect performance.

	Neede of the		Implementing relevant concerts of the ergenting's
-	Needs of the	0	Implementing relevant aspects of the organization's
	organization may		strategic goals
	include:	0	Developing/implementing/embedding new ways of
			working/improved work practices
		0	Addressing change/developing change management
			approaches
		0	Increasing team capacity and empowerment
		0	Developing a learning organization
-	Resources may	0	Identified internal/external experts
	include:	0	Publications/reports
		0	Organizational documents
		0	Communication tools
		0	Flip charts, whiteboards, overhead projectors, etc.
		0	Location/facility requirements
		0	Travel/accommodation/meeting needs
-	GP implementation	0	Step 1: Getting started
	process include:	0	Step 2: Planning
	-	0	Step 3: Generation, evaluation, and prioritization of GP
			options
		0	Step 4: Implementation of GP options
		0	Step 5: Monitoring and review
		0	Step 6: Sustaining GP
•	Principles of GP	0	Ecological principles
	include:	0	Productivity principles
•	Employability skills	0	Communication
	may include:	0	Teamwork
	-	0	Problem solving
		0	Initiative and Enterprise

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		0	Planning and Organizing
		0	Self-management
		0	Learning
		0	Technology
-	Self-assessment and	0	Asking critical questions about personal performance
	reflection may include:		and answering them objectively and honestly
	-	0	Analyzing what worked and what did not work, and why
		0	Thinking about and planning for improvement in the
			future
•	Evaluation methods	0	Formal methods such as surveys and questionnaires
	may include:	0	Informal methods such as observations, individual and
			group questioning, and discussions
		0	Journals/diaries
		0	Feedback loops
•	Agreed directions and	0	Identifying scope of further work
	future actions may	0	Bringing the project to a close
	include:	0	Developing new directions

UNIT TITLE:	FACILITATE MANAGING GP PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION				
UNIT NUMBER	APO-GPS CSTD-006				
UNIT DESCRIPTOR:	This unit specifies the competency required to facilitate group GP implementation projects. This unit contains employability skills.				
ELEMENTS	PERFORMANCE CRITERIA				
1. Defining project scope	1.1. Project objectives , budget, scope of activities, and deliverables are identified.				
	1.2. Relationship of GP project to others and to overall organizational objectives are clarified.				
	1.3. Stakeholders and their requirements are identified for consultation and involvement in GP project activities.				
	1.4. Administrative structure for project management, individual responsibility, and reporting hierarchy are confirmed.				
	1.5. Required resources for the GP project are determined.				
2. Developing a project plan	2.1. Consult with stakeholders to facilitate input and to achieve approval for GP project plan.				
	2.2. Risk and regulatory and sustainability issues are identified and incorporated into the plan.				
	2.3. Quality, financial, human and physical resource specifications are integrated for GP project activities.				
	2.4. GP project evaluation methods are developed and integrated.				
	2.5. Internal and external communications, public relations, and marketing approaches are planned.				
	2.6. An integrated GP project management plan is documented.				
	2.7. The plan and roles and responsibilities are communicated to all involved.				
3. Administering and monitoring the GP project	3.1. Project activities are implemented according to plan and in conjunction with stakeholders and project team members, providing support and assistance as required.				
	3.2. Financial and quality control systems are implemented according to project plan.				

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	3.3. Progress is monitored to ensure objectives, deliverables, timelines, cost, and quality of project are achieved.
	3.4. Deviations from plan are identified, assessed, and project activities are realigned to meet objectives.
	3.5. The need for project variations, including additional project resources, is determined.
	3.6. Progress and final reports are provided according to project requirements.
	3.7. Project is completed within agreed timeline.
4. Evaluating project	4.1. Project effectiveness at specified stages is assessed using agreed evaluation methods.
	4.2. Completed project is evaluated for administrative efficiency, quality, and achievement of objectives.
	4.3. Outcomes are reported to stakeholders and information is used to enhance future project planning and management activities.

EVIDENCE GUIDE

To demonstrate competency in this unit, candidates must be able to provide evidence that they can apply organizational, communication, interpersonal, and group leadership skills to effectively facilitate a group action GP project.

The facilitator must demonstrate the ability to engage and motivate the group using a variety of activities, processes, or techniques to maintain the interest of all individuals. The facilitator must also demonstrate the ability to ensure that all group members feel able to contribute equally and are able to mutually determine their own direction and outcomes within the parameters set by the work objectives.

• The facilitator must ensure the relevance of the group discussion to the purpose of the project and assist the group members in learning from each other and their experiences.

CRITICAL SKILLS AND ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE

Critical aspects and essential knowledge for assessment and evidence are required to demonstrate competency in this unit.

- Critical skills include the ability to:
 - Use effective facilitation and interpersonal skills, including verbal and nonverbal communication that is sensitive to the needs and differences of others.
 - Use required technology.
 - Show group management skills.
 - Show problem-solving skills.
 - Essential knowledge includes:
 - Communication methods relevant to the workplace and work roles.
 - Learning principles.
 - Group learning dynamics.
 - Ensuring fairness of learning opportunities.
 - Workplace relations.

RANGE STATEMENT

The range statement relates to the unit of competency as a whole. It allows for different work environments and situations that may affect performance.

-	Project objectives may	0	Community or industry development
	relate to:	0	Economic or social benefits
		0	Education or training
		0	Profit

		0	Research
•	Stakeholders may	0	Community agencies
	include:	0	Customers or clients
		0	Funding bodies
		0	Government departments or statutory authorities
		0	Host organizations
		0	Industry associations
		0	Internal personnel
		0	Management
		0	Management committees
		0	Media
		0	Regulatory authorities
		0	Sponsors
•	Administrative	0	Advisory and reference groups
	structure for project	0	Consultants
	management may	0	Consultative groups
	involve:	0	Contractors and suppliers
		0	Internal or external project managers
		0	Management
		0	Management committees
	Due is at many anoma ut	0	Secretariat
•	Project management	0	Budget
	plan may include:	0	Consultation strategies
		0	Internal and external communication processes and channels
			Key milestones
		0	Marketing
		0	Objectives and outcomes
		0	Personnel
		0	Quality assurance
		0	Reporting requirements
		0	Risk management and contingency plans
		0	Safety initiatives
		0	Selection or tendering processes
		0	Sponsors
		0	Stages
		0	Sustainability considerations
		0	Time frames
•	Support and	0	Additional resources
	assistance may	0	Formal training opportunities
	include:	0	Informal coaching and feedback
		0	Moderation and joint planning sessions
		0	Regular meetings and briefings
		0	Representing team interests in wider forums

UNIT TITLE:	UNDERTAKE ORGANIZATIONAL TRAINING NEEDS ANALYSIS
UNIT NUMBER	APO-GPS CSTD-007
UNIT DESCRIPTOR:	This unit specifies the competency required to undertake a training need analysis (TNA) to identify the training and assessment needs of an organization.

	This competency involves identifying organizational/client needs through data investigation, using reliable and valid data analysis methods to interpret the data, and providing advice and recommendations on training and assessment services required to meet the identified training needs. This includes identifying future support and services that the client will need to implement the recommendations.
ELEMENTS	PERFORMANCE CRITERIA
1. Identify organizational/ client needs	1.1. Discussions are held with clients to identify and verify client objectives , expectations and organizational requirements .
	1.2. Appropriate communication and interpersonal skills are used to develop a professional relationship with the client.
	1.3. Existing or potential issues to be addressed are identified and analyzed to determine the impact on client objectives and requirements.
	1.4. Resources are identified and accessed in accordance with organizational requirements.
	1.5. A consultation plan is developed with <i>relevant persons</i> and is negotiated on and agreed to by the client.
2. Conduct TNA	2.1. Reliable, appropriate methods for collecting information and data on current, emerging, and future training needs are employed which make efficient use of resources.
	2.2. Work is analyzed to determine skills and competencies required for effective performance.
	2.3. Information and data are gathered to determine current skills/competency profile of staff in accordance with legal/organizational/ethical requirements.
	2.4. Information is analyzed using reliable, valid methods to determine skill competency matches and identify current/emerging/future organizational training needs.
	2.5. Conclusions on organizational training needs are supported by verifiable evidence and consistent with research objectives.
3. Provide advice to clients	3.1. Clients are provided with clear advice and recommendations on training and assessment needs.
	3.2. Clients are provided with options for meeting identified training needs.
	3.3. Feedback and comments on suitability and sufficiency of advice and recommendations are obtained.
	3.4. A final report is completed and presented to the client and processed in accordance with legal/organizational requirements.

EVIDENCE GUIDE

To demonstrate competency in this unit, candidates must be able to provide evidence that they can consult effectively with clients to identify their needs and provide recommendations for training and/or assessment.

The advice provided as evidence must show how consultative processes were used to verify client needs; detail research methods undertaken to identify suitable training and/or assessment; include an implementation plan for the training needs analysis; include

presentations outlining advice and recommendations; and identify resource requirements and future support delivery timelines.

CRITICAL SKILLS AND ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE

Critical aspects and essential knowledge for assessment and evidence are required to demonstrate competency in this unit.

- Critical skills include the ability to:
 - \circ Outline client needs.
 - Report research undertaken.
 - Make recommendations to clients.
 - Submit plans outlining the delivery of future services, if required.
- Essential knowledge includes:
 - Competency standards.
 - A range of evaluation and research methodologies, for example:
 - literature research
 - DACUM analysis
 - Delphi analysis
 - interviewing techniques
 - The external environment relating to social, political, economic, and technological developments.
 - Training and development strategies.
 - Learning organization concepts.
 - Relevant policy, legislation, codes of practice, and national standards on GP.

RANGE STATEMENT

The range statement relates to the unit of competency as a whole. It allows for different work environments and situations that may affect performance

Clients may include:	 Internal or external An enterprise A department/division An industry sectors A professional association A community organization A government organization
Client objectives and expectations may include:	 Focus on individual learner objectives, such as: new skills specific competencies target qualifications career advancement Focus on productivity improvement Focus on administrative and records management systems Focus on satisfying legislative or government regulatory requirements Specific learning support systems Individualized organizational training and skill requirements Requirements related national and state/territory policy and funding bodies

Organizational	
 Organizational requirements may 	 Quality assurance and/or procedure manuals Cools, shipetives, plans, systems, and processes
include:	• Goals, objectives, plans, systems, and processes
include.	 Legal and organizational policies/guidelines and requiremente
	requirements
	 Recording and reporting procedures Business and performance plane
	 Business and performance plans Access and againty principles and practices
	 Access and equity principles and practices Confidentiality requirements
	 Confidentiality requirements Ethical standards
	 Collaborative/partnership arrangements Occupational health and safety policies, procedures,
	and programs
	 Quality and continuous improvement processes and standards
	 Defined resource parameters Verbal or nonverbal communication
	There exists in the section of
	Our action is a table with a surplus and improve denote and in a
	 Accurately interpreting nonverbal and verbal messages
	 Use of language and concepts appropriate to cultural
	differences
	 Clear and concrete presentations of options
	 Culturally inclusive and sensitive engagement
	techniques
 Existing or potential 	
issues may include:	 Releasing employees from work to attend
issues may mendue.	consultations
	 Access to a range of employees Individual concernation in the maximum here.
	 Individual concerns/issues/negativities that may be brought to consultation cossions
	brought to consultation sessions
Resources may include:	
	○ Finances
	 Business/organizational needs
	• Equipment
	o Technology
Consultation plans may	 Purpose and aims of consultation
include:	 Selection of personnel/other relevant persons
	 Protocol for consultations with employees
	 Industrial relations considerations
	 Confidentiality/privacy/ethical considerations
	 Reporting arrangements
	 Resources required
	• Time frames
	 Other organizational needs

•	Relevant persons may include:	 Clients Employees Government agencies Organizational managers/supervisors Organizational training and assessment coordinators Industry groups Employer/employee representatives State/territory registration body representatives External consultants
-	Methods for collecting information and data may include:	 Surveys, interviews, discussions, and focus groups Critical incident techniques Observations of personnel at work Accessing relevant government legislation, policies, and practices Analyzing industry and/or enterprise skills audit reports Analyzing human resources management records/performance management records Reviewing industry publications or reports Concept mapping Job and task analysis Analyzing assessment and/or training records
•	Information and data may be gathered at the following levels:	 Organizational Work groups/work units Individual
•	Data analysis methods may include:	 Qualitative/quantitative processes Feedback on results Review of previous research Peer review Data sampling Statistical analysis
•	Advice may relate to:	 Short-term and/or long-term recommendations Specified outcomes and strategies Resource requirements Provision of training and/or assessment services Design or review of training programs Contextualization of industry competency standards to meet client goals Administrative and management systems Statutory and mandatory requirements Competency standards and performance assessment systems National standards Performance management systems Training and professional development principles Reporting and accountability requirements and processes
•	Options may include:	 Developing in-house capacity to meet identified needs Identifying training and/or assessment organizations to meet needs Identifying specific units of competency, qualifications/courses to meet needs

 Reports may be presented using: 	 Consultancy services Timelines Urgency Visual, audio visual, graphics, multimedia Demonstrations/presentations Written text or equivalent medium Plans, diagrams, charts, posters
Legal requirements may include:	 Standards for training and/or assessment organizations State or territory registration body requirements Award and enterprise agreements and relevant industrial arrangements Confidentiality and privacy requirements Scope of registration Relevant legislation from all levels of government affecting business operations, including: OHS issues environmental issues equal opportunity industrial relations and antidiscrimination statutes relevant industry codes of practice

UNIT TITLE:	DESIGN AND DEVELOP LEARNING PROGRAM			
UNIT NUMBER	APO-GPS CSTD-008			
UNIT DESCRIPTOR:	This unit describes the performance outcomes, skills, and knowledge required to conceptualize, design, develop, and review learning programs to meet an identified need for a group of learners. The unit addresses the skills and knowledge needed to identify the parameters of a learning program, determine the design, outline the content, and review its effectiveness.			
ELEMENTS	PERFORMANCE CRITERIA			
1. Define parameters of	1.1. Purpose and type of learning program are clarified with key stakeholders.			
the learning program	1.2. The competency standards and other training specifications are accessed and confirmed on which to base the learning program.			
	1.3. Language, literacy, and numeracy requirements of the program are identified.			
	1.4. Characteristics of the target learner group are identified and considered.			
2. Work within the vocational	2.1. Relevant VET policies and frameworks are assessed and applied to work practices.			
education and training (VET)	2.2. Changes to training packages and accredited courses are identified and applied to program development.			
policy framework	2.3. Work is conducted according to organizational quality assurance policies and procedures.			
3. Develop program content	3.1. Specific subject matter content is researched, developed, and documented according to agreed design options.			
	3.2. Existing learning resources are evaluated for content relevance and quality.			

		3.3. Assessment requirements of the learning program are specified.
4.	Design structure of the learning	4.1. The learning content is divided into manageable segments and a time frame for each segment is determined.
	program	4.2. Delivery strategies and required assessment methods and tools are determined and confirmed.
		4.3. A complete learning program is documented in line with organizational requirements.
		4.4. A complete program is reviewed with key stakeholders and adjusted as required.
		4.5. A safe learning progression is ensured by analyzing risks in the learning environment and including a risk control plan.

Assessment must address the scope of this unit and reflect all components of the unit. A range of appropriate assessment methods and evidence-gathering techniques must be used to determine competency. A judgement of competency should only be made when the assessor is confident that the required outcomes of the unit have been achieved and that consistent performance has been demonstrated.

CRITICAL SKILLS AND ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE

Critical aspects and essential knowledge for assessment and evidence are required to demonstrate competency in this unit.

- Critical skills include the ability to:
- Design, develop, and review learning programs within the competency-based training context.
- Prepare and develop a minimum of 2 learning programs that:
 - Contain differentiated designs to reflect particular needs, contexts, and timelines
 - Are based on competency standards or accredited courses and must cover at least 1 entire unit of competency or accredited course module (at least 1 of the 2 learning programs).
- Essential knowledge includes:
 - Information about training package developers and course accreditation agencies responsible for specific learning program parameters
 - Relevant competency standards to be used as the basis of the learning program
 - Other performance standards and criteria to be used as the basis of the learning program, where relevant
 - Distinction and relationship between a training package/accredited course, learning strategy, and learning program, where linked
 - Different purposes and focus of learning programs
 - Sound knowledge of learning principles
 - Instructional design principles relating to different design options for learning program design and structure
 - Availability and types of different relevant learning resources, learning materials, and predeveloped learning activities
 - Methodology relating to developing and documenting new learning activities and related learning materials
 - Different delivery modes and methods

- Relevant policies, legal requirements, codes of practice, and national standards, including commonwealth and state or territory legislation that may affect training and assessment in the VET sector
- Relevant OHS knowledge relating to the work role and OHS considerations that need to be included in the learning program

RANGE STATEMENT

Purpose may include:	 Developing vocational competency or vocational skills Developing language, literacy, and numeracy skills Developing general education Meeting legislative, licensing, and registration requirements, such as OHS requirements 		
Other training specifications may include:	 Curriculum specifications Product specifications Organizational work requirements and training needs Induction needs Language, literacy, and numeracy development needs Regulatory and licensing requirements 		
Vocational education and training policies may include:	 Policies and procedures set by national organizations, such as the National Quality Council Australian Quality Training Framework Other relevant policies 		
Delivery strategies may include:	 Focus of delivery in terms of size and type of group Context of delivery, for example: in the workplace in a training room in a community setting Modes of delivery, for example: face-to-face online blended mode Delivery methods, for example: lock-step, learner-paced, and mixed interactive, participative, and collaborative blended methods 		

UNIT TITLE:	DESIGN AND DEVELOP LEARNING RESOURCES		
UNIT NUMBER	APO-GPS CSTD-009		
UNIT DESCRIPTOR:	Learning resources are designed to enhance and support the effectiveness of the learning process. They provide guidance, materials, learning and assessment activities, and relevant information that address the competencies/learning outcomes to be achieved by the learners.		
ELEMENTS	PERFORMANCE CRITERIA		
1. Research and	1.1. The brief , focus , and type of learning resources are		
interpret the	clarified with the client.		

learning resource	e 1.2. The likely target audience , their learning needs, and the		
requirements	learning environment for the resources are researched		
	1.3. The characteristics of the learners/end users of the		
	learning resources are identified		
	1.4. Existing information that may be relevant is gathered,		
	collated, and analyzed		
	1.5. Ethical and legal considerations are identified and acted		
	upon.		
	1.6. A development work plan is prepared and documented.		
2. Design the	2.1. A range of design options is generated using a variety of		
learning	principles and techniques.		
resources and	2.2. Time is taken to reflect on the designs, identifying the		
plan the contents	implications of each.		
	2.3. The diversity of learners/end users and their learning styles		
	are researched and embedded into the design specifications.		
	2.4. An outline or prototype for the learning resources is		
	developed and confirmed with the client.		
	2.5. The content specifications of the learning product are		
	analyzed and the proposed content is mapped out.		
	2.6. The breadth and depth of the proposed content are		
	determined, in accordance with the design prototype, content		
	specifications, and financial constraints.		
	2.7. Relevant personnel are identified to support the		
	development phase.		
3. Develop program			
contents	accordance with the agreed design.		
	3.2. Modifications are made to the design and/or contents, where		
	necessary, to address changes in project parameters.		
	3.3. Mechanisms for reviewing work in progress are established.		
	3.4. Text is clear, concise, grammatically correct, and appropriate		
	for the intended audience.		
	3.5. Visual aids are relevant, instructive, and appropriate for the		
	intended audience.		
	3.6. The resources are formatted using an appropriate style		
	guide.		
4. Review learning	4.1. Contents of the resources are checked to ensure the accuracy		
resources prior to	•		
implementation	4.2. Text, formatting, and visual design are checked for clarity and		
	focus.		
	4.3. An external review is conducted using appropriate methods ,		
	and feedback is incorporated where relevant.		
	4.4. The final draft is reviewed against the brief and other relevant		
	criteria to ensure that all requirements are met prior to delivery		
	to the client.		
5. Evaluate the	5.1. The design and development process is reviewed against		
design and	appropriate evaluation criteria.		
development	5.2. Time is taken to reflect and identify areas for improvement.		
process	5.3. Identified improvements are documented for future projects.		
EVIDENCE GUIDE			

• To demonstrate competency in this unit, candidates must be able to provide evidence that they have designed and developed learning resources.

- The learning resources provided as evidence must: clearly identify the target audience; be appropriate to the target group; and be well structured, clear, interesting, appropriate, easy to use, and accessible.
- Competency also requires demonstrated ability to research learning resource requirements and content, seek and accept feedback, work effectively with a project team or other experts as required, and critically evaluate own work.

CRITICAL SKILLS AND ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE

Critical aspects and essential knowledge for assessment and evidence are required to demonstrate competency in this unit.

- Critical skills include:
 - Review and analysis
 - Communication and interpersonal relations
 - Computer/technical skills
 - Literacy/writing
 - Time management
 - Ability to develop a range of learning activities
 - Research
- Essential knowledge includes:
 - Vocational education and training systems
 - Instructional design
 - research and evaluation techniques

RANGE STATEMENT

-	The brief of the	0	A client proposal
	learning resource may	0	Identified gaps in the learning product market
	include:	0	A tender
		0	An organizational need
-	Focus of the learning	0	A complete training package
	resource may include:	0	A training package qualification/qualifications
		0	A traineeship/apprenticeship
		0	An accredited course
		0	Individual competency standards/modules/subjects
		0	A nonaccredited course
		0	Learning programs
		0	Learning resources to support the introduction and use of
			new technology/equipment
•	Types of learning	0	Training package supporting materials, such as:
	resources may include:		 learner/user guides
			 trainer/facilitator guides
			 training guides
			 example training programs
			 specific case studies
			 professional development materials
			 assessment materials
			 other published, commercially available supporting
			materials for training packages/courses
			 organizational learning resources
			 competency standards as a learning resource

		
		videosCDs and audiotapes
		 CDS and addictapes references and texts
		 manuals
		 record/log books
		 learning resources and learning materials developed
		under the Workplace English Language and Literacy
		(WELL) program
		 learning resources produced in languages other than
		English as appropriate to target group learners and
		the workplace
	eLearning resources:	eLearning resources should be designed to enhance and
		support the effectiveness of the learning process. They
		provide guidance, materials, learning, and assessment
		activities, and relevant information that addresses the
		competencies/learning outcomes to be achieved by
		learners.
•	The likely target	 Who the learning resources are for
	audience and learning	 What the learning resources are designed to do
	environment must	 How the learning resources will be used
	include:	 Where the learning resources will be used
<u> </u>		Possible media to be used
•	Research may include:	 Interviews
		• Focus groups
		 Informal discussions
		Literature reviews
		 Internet research Evaluations of existing products
		 Evaluations of existing products Questionnaires
		 O Questionnaires O Workshops
•	Characteristics of the	 Level of prior experience/knowledge of content area
1	learners/end users	 Skill/competency profile
	may include:	 Range and response to previous learning experiences
	,	 Level of education
		 Socioeconomic background, age, and gender
1		 Current work
1		 Work culture
1		 Cultural and ethnic background
1		 Disability or learning support needs
		 Preferred learning styles
		 Motivation for learning
<u> </u>	Eviating information	 English language, literacy, and numeracy needs
•	Existing information	 Industry/end user needs Industry best practices and culture
	may include:	 Industry best practices and culture Existing learning resources and learning materials
1		
		 Relevant courses, curricula, and modules Workplace procedures, documentation, and
		requirements
1		 Industry coverage
		 Roles and responsibilities of groups and individuals
		 Information from industry experts and advisers
L		

 Ethical and legal considerations may include: Contract preparation Meeting contractual requirements Intellectual property rights Regulatory requirements including OHS Organizational requirements Equity issues and needs Potential legal consequences of false, misleading, or incorrect information Development work plans may include: Timelines and milestones to be achieved Scheduled meetings and focus groups Consultative processes Handover requirements Equipment, learning resources and learning materials needed Industry information/practices Budget Identification of risks/risk management strategies Organizational/industrial politics Access to experts/advisers Use and extent of practical activity-based contents and passive contents (reading, interpreting, and absorbing information) Use and extent of text-based information and graphic information Level of depth of text-based information and sophistication of language Level of completeness in addressing the focus Options for presenting text-based information, e.g., straight text, question-and-answer format, case studies Visual design
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 straight text, question-and-answer format, case studies Visual design Sequencing of material
 Visual design Sequencing of material
 Sequencing of material
 Sources of further information/further reading
 Style guides
 Visual attractiveness
Principles and O Instructional design, for example:
techniques may presenting material in a logical order and sequence
include: • opportunities for collaborative learning among
learners
 navigation tools
 presenting material in order of increasing difficulty
 opportunities for review of material and repetition
 the need for learner activity and interactivity
 inclusion of a variety of approaches and techniques
for presenting information and activities and for
encouraging participation by learning
 structure of information
 ensuring learning is embedded in a realistic, relevant
context
 techniques to engage learners in learning
 Creative thinking, for example:
brainstorming
mind mapping
scenario setting

	lateral thinking
	• Visual/graphic design, for example:
	format
	composition
	balance
	typography
	 images/graphics
	 charts/diagrams
	 Research and evaluation, for example:
	 of other learning resources
	of up-to-date research on learning
Reflection may include:	 Asking key questions
	 Discussing details with others, for example:
	colleagues
	 team members
	 other learning product developers/instructional
	designers
	clients
	 supervisors/managers
	 Standing back from work
	 Setting specified times for reflection
	 Reviewing personal skills
Learning styles may	• Theoretical
include:	• Pragmatic
	• Active
	• Reflective
	• Kinesthetic
	o Auditory
	○ Visual
Outlines or prototypes	○ Mock-ups
may include:	○ Frameworks
,	 Models
	 Format specifications
Content specifications	 Requirements of relevant training packages,
may include:	competency standards/benchmarks
	 OHS requirements
	 Work practices and procedures
	 Culture and ethics of the learner/end user environment
	 Organizational requirements
	 Copyright/intellectual property agreements and
	acknowledgements
Relevant personnel may	 Subject matter/technical experts
include:	 Industry experts
	 Colleagues
	 Learners or users
	 Industry stakeholders
	 Specialist consultants, e.g., language, literacy, and
	numeracy specialists
Mechanisms may include:	 Verbal or written communication with relevant personnel
	 Verbal or written communication with relevant personner Verbal or written communication with content experts
	 Project updates
	 Internal/external reviews of drafts
Style guides may include:	 Fonts, typefaces, and point sizes
orgie guides may include.	

	0	Line spacing
	0	White space
	0	Icons
	0	Use of icons, photographs, pictures, and diagrams
	0	Signposting
	0	Logos
	0	DEST Style Guide
	0	Client style guide
Methods may include:	0	Evaluation by experts
	0	Pilot-test groups
	0	Focus groups
	0	Questionnaires
	0	Checklists
	0	Workshops
	0	Telephone interviews
Evaluation criteria may	0	Meeting the brief
include:	0	Satisfaction of the client
	0	Timeliness
	0	Cost
	0	Design issues/modifications required
	0	Blockages and responses
	0	Team effectiveness/cohesion
	0	Level of expertise required/available

UNIT TITLE:	PLAN, ORGANIZE, AND DELIVER GROUP-BASED LEARNING IN GP METHODOLOGY AND RELATED TECHNIQUES.		
UNIT NUMBER	APO-GPS CSTD-010		
UNIT DESCRIPTOR:	This unit describes the skills, knowledge, and attitudes required to plan, organize, and deliver training for individuals within a group.		
	It applies to individuals working as entry-level trainers, teachers, or facilitators structuring learning programs developed by others in, or with, a training and assessment organization.		
	No licensing, legislative, or certification requirements apply to this unit at the time of publication		
ELEMENTS	PERFORMANCE CRITERIA		
1. Interpret learning environment and	1.1. Learning program documentation is accessed, read, and interpreted to determine delivery requirements.		
delivery requirements	1.2. Available information and documentation are used to identify group and individual learner needs and learner characteristics.		
	1.3. Knowledge of learning principles and theories are used to generate ideas for managing session delivery.		
2. Prepare session plans	2.1. Existing learning objectives are refined according to program requirements and specific needs of individual learners.		
	2.2. Session plans for each segment of the learning program are developed and documented.		
	2.3. The diversity of learners/end users and their learning styles are researched and embedded into the design specifications.		
	2.4. An outline or prototype of the learning resources is developed and confirmed with the client.		

	2.5. The content specifications of the learning product are
	analyzed and the proposed content is mapped out.
	2.6. The breadth and depth of the proposed content are
	determined, in accordance with the design prototype, content
	specifications, and financial constraints.
	2.7. Relevant personnel are identified to support the development phase, if needed.
3. Prepare resources for	3.1. Learning materials are contextualized to meet the needs of the specific learner group.
delivery	3.2. Learning materials and organizational facility, technology, and equipment needs are finalized in time for delivery of learning sessions.
	3.3. Overall delivery arrangements are confirmed with relevant personnel.
4. Deliver and	4.1. Each session is conducted according to the session plan,
facilitate trainin	
sessions	4.2. The diversity of the group is used as another resource to
	support learning.
	4.3. A range of delivery methods is employed to optimize learner experiences.
	4.4. Effective facilitation skills are demonstrated to ensure effective participation and group management.
5. Support and monitor learnin	 5.1. Learner progress is monitored and documented to ensure that outcomes are being achieved and individual learner needs are being met.
	5.2. Adjustments are made to the delivery sessions to reflect specific needs and circumstances.
	5.3. Inappropriate behavior is managed to ensure that learning can occur.
	5.4. Learner records are maintained and stored according to organizational requirements.

Assessment must address the scope of this unit and reflect all of its components. An array of appropriate assessment methods and evidence-gathering techniques must be used to determine competency. A judgment of competency should only be made when the assessor is confident that the required outcomes of the unit have been achieved and that consistent performance has been demonstrated.

CRITICAL SKILLS AND ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE

Critical aspects and essential knowledge for assessment and evidence are required to demonstrate competency in this unit.

- Critical skills include the ability to:
 - Facilitate group-based learning by preparing and delivering a series of training sessions, including:
 - at least two consecutive sessions, of a duration commensurate with a substantive training session (e.g., 40–60 minutes), that follow one of the learning program designs
 - at least one session delivered to a different learner group, with evidence of how the characteristics and needs of this group were addressed
 - o Identify and respond to diversity and individual needs

- Access and use documented resources and support personnel to guide inclusive practices
- Essential knowledge includes:
 - o Introductory knowledge of learning theories
 - Sound knowledge of learning principles
 - Sound knowledge of learner styles
 - Industry area and subject matter
 - Learner group profile, including characteristics and needs of individual learners in the group
 - Contents and requirements of the learning program and/or delivery plan
 - Different delivery methods and techniques appropriate to face-to-face group delivery
 - o Techniques for the recognition and resolution of inappropriate behavior
 - Behavior that may indicate learner difficulties
 - o Organizational record-management systems and reporting requirements
 - Evaluation and revision techniques
 - Specific resources, equipment, and support services available for learners with special needs
 - Relevant policy, legal requirements, codes of practice, and national standards, including commonwealth and state or territory legislation that may affect training and assessment in the VET sector
 - OHS relating to the facilitation of group-based learning

RANGE STATEMENT

0	Learning program documentation may include:	 Competencies or other benchmarks to be achieved for each segment of the learning program, for example: specific learning outcomes derived from the benchmarks overview of content to be covered learning resources, learning materials, and activities delivery methods Number and duration of training sessions or classes required and overall timelines OHS issues to be addressed in delivery Identification of assessment points to measure learner progress Assessment methods and tools to be used to collect evidence of competency, where assessment is required
0	Session plans may include:	 Outline of objectives and content to be addressed Plan of delivery methods and learning activities to be used within the session Timelines and duration for each learning activity Formative assessment points and opportunities Learning materials required
0	Inappropriate behavior may include:	 Violent or inappropriate language Verbal or physical abuse or bullying Insensitive verbal or physical behavior towards other learners or the trainer/facilitator, including cultural-, racial-, disability-, or gender-based insensitivities

0	Dominant or overbearing behavior Disruptive behavior
0	Noncompliance with safety instructions

UNIT TITLE: DEVELOP GP IMPLEMENTATION AGENDA FOR AN ORGANIZATION				
UNIT NUMBER	APO-GPS CSTD-011			
UNIT DESCRIPTOR:	This unit describes the knowledge, skills, and attitudes required to develop a GP implementation agenda for an organization. The agenda may be in response to a specific change or a plan for the next period.			
ELEMENTS	PERFORMANCE CRITERIA			
 Determine purpose of GP implementation agenda 	 1.1. Reason for developing the agenda and expected outcomes from the agenda are confirmed. 1.2. Purpose of the agenda is confirmed with all relevant stakeholders 1.3. Expected outcomes from the agenda with an overall strategic plan for the organization are confirmed. 1.4. Any potential areas for conflict between the proposed agenda and strategic directions are identified. 1.5. Relevant stakeholders are consulted to resolve issues. 			
2. Develop	2.1. Objectives of the GP implementation agenda are drafted.			
objectives and strategies	 2.2. Strategies to achieve these objectives are drafted. 2.3. Implications for the value stream are determined. 2.4. Capital or workplace layout/organization implications for objectives and strategies are determined. 			
 Develop agenda to meet objectives and strategies 	 3.1. Relevant stakeholders are consulted on the implications for objectives and strategies. 3.2. In liaison with relevant stakeholders, plans to meet objectives are developed. 3.3. Relevant key performance indicators (KPIs) for the implementation agenda are determined. 3.4. KPIs are confirmed to meet the purpose of the agenda. 3.5. The purpose of the agenda is confirmed. 3.6. The agenda is mapped to show how it will change the value 			
4. Monitor the implementation of the agenda	 stream. 3.7. The agenda is adjusted to optimize the value stream. 3.8. The agenda is validated with relevant stakeholders. 4.1. The agenda is released for implementation. 4.2. The main progress points are checked against the key stages of the agenda. 4.3. Any discrepancies are noted. 4.4. Appropriate actions are taken to ensure correct 			
	implementation of the agenda.			

To demonstrate competency, the candidate must meet all performance criteria and skills and knowledge requirements. The candidate must be able to:

 Develop one significant GP methodology implementation agenda/plan for an organization or alternatively develop several smaller agendas/plans.

CRITICAL SKILLS AND ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE

Critical aspects and essential knowledge for assessment and evidence are required to demonstrate competency in this unit.

- Critical skills include:
 - This unit primarily requires the application of skills associated with communication in gathering, analyzing, and applying information and consulting with stakeholders. Problem solving, initiative, enterprise, and planning and organizing are required to develop effective, measurable business plans. This unit also requires aspects of self-management and learning to ensure feedback, and new learning is integrated into competitive manufacturing strategies.
- Essential knowledge includes:
 - GP framework
 - o GP methodology
 - o GP techniques
 - o knowledge of organizational strategic directions
 - Planning methods and types of plans
 - Contingency planning and other risk-mitigating planning tools
 - Organizational value chains
 - Analysis of value chains
 - Competitive manufacturing practices
 - Applications of quality principles
 - Human resources and industrial relations policies
 - o OHS

RANGE STATEMENT

0	Objectives may include:	0	Quality
	include.	0	OHS
		0	Environment
		0	Competitive manufacturing practices
		0	Human, physical, financial, and environmental/resources
0	Objectives and	0	Human and industrial relations
	strategies may	0	Materials/components and resources
	include:	0	Sustainable environmental practices
		0	Sales and marketing
		0	Financial
0	Relevant	0	Other team members
	stakeholders may	0	Other workers
	include:	0	Managers
		0	Technical specialists
		0	Other actors in value chains
I			

UNIT TITLE:	PREPARE A COMPREHENSIVE GP PROMOTION PLAN			
UNIT NUMBER	APO-GPS CSTD-012			
UNIT DESCRIPTOR:	This unit describes the skills and knowledge required to prepare a comprehensive GP promotion plan.			
	It requires the ability to monitor plans through project execution and evaluation. Plans developed may be a single plan or a series of interrelated plans that guide different aspects of project management.			
ELEMENTS	PERFORMANCE CRITERIA			
1. Define GP promotion	1.1. Event information, scope, and objectives are analyzed to determine planning requirements.			
planning requirements	1.2. Requirements are identified for consultation and involvement of stakeholders in plan development.			
	1.3. Internal and external factors are assessed for their impact on the event plan.			
2. Develop GP	1.4. The scope, nature, and format of event plans are determined.2.1. Consultation with stakeholders is undertaken to facilitate input			
promotion plans	 and effective GP promotion planning. 2.2. Risk, regulatory, and sustainability issues are identified and incorporated into plans. 			
	2.3. Interrelationships among different GP promotion components and their planning impacts are maintained.			
	2.4. Financial, human, and physical resource specifications are integrated.			
	2.5. Systems and procedures are developed to support the planned GP promotion.			
	2.6. Internal and external communication strategies are developed.			
	2.7. GP promotion plans are confirmed by stakeholders.			
	2.8. Evaluation criteria for GP promotion success are agreed upon.			
	2.9. GP promotion plans clearly identifying priorities, timelines, and responsibilities are finalized.			
3. Monitor GP Promotion plans	3.1. Activities are implemented and monitored according to agreed timelines.			
	3.2. Support and assistance are provided to colleagues involved in implementing the plan.			
	3.3. Implementation of integrated plans for multiple GP promotion components is monitored to ensure cohesive planning.			
	3.4. The need for adjustments to plans, systems, and procedures is assessed and responded to.			
	3.5. Progress and other reports are provided according to event requirements.			
4. Evaluate GP promotion and	4.1. Feedback from stakeholders is obtained according to predetermined evaluation criteria .			
GP promotion plans	4.2. GP promotion for operational service efficiency, quality, and achievement of objectives is evaluated.			
	4.3. The effectiveness of GP promotion plans in delivering outcomes and identify deficiencies is reviewed and assessed.			
	4.4. Information to enhance future GP Promotion planning are used.			

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The evidence guide must be read in conjunction with the performance criteria, required skills and knowledge, and range statement.

To demonstrate competency, the candidate must meet all performance criteria and skills and knowledge requirements. The candidate must be able to:

- Demonstrate all of the elements and performance criteria in this unit, within 5 dimensions of competencies (task skills, task management skills, contingency skills, job/role environment skills, and transfer skills).
- Produce clear, understandable written/verbal/visual communication.
- Provide prompt responses to requests for information.

CRITICAL SKILLS AND ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE

Critical aspects and essential knowledge for assessment and evidence required to demonstrate competency in this unit.

Critical skills include the ability to:

- Develop and implement plans for multiple diverse projects involving:
 - dedicated event budgets
 - multiple operational components
 - a project operations team
 - a wide range of stakeholders
- Liaise with project stakeholders during the planning process
- Integrate knowledge of:
 - key planning concepts, techniques, and steps in the planning process
 - project plan formats and inclusions
 - project performance measurement systems
 - risk, regulatory, and sustainability issues associated with staging events and methods of managing them

Essential knowledge includes:

- Sources of information that inform project plan development
- o Internal and external factors and their impacts on event plans
- Key project planning concepts
- Evaluation and performance measurement systems
- Sustainability considerations and ways of enhancing project sustainability

RANGE STATEMENT

 Stakeholders may include: 	 Community agencies Customers or clients Project management committees External contractors Host organization Internal personnel Government departments or statutory authorities Local businesses Media Sponsors
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•	Internal and external factors may include:	 Availability of external resources Capacity of the organization to manage the event Competing and complementary events Economic climate Sponsor requirements Regulatory requirements: licensing safety security Risk management Sustainability considerations: environmental financial social
•	Systems and procedures may relate to:	 Communication: lines of reporting meeting schedules protocols Documentation Management structures Resources: financial human physical
•	Evaluation criteria may relate to:	 Communication Contingency management Operational efficiency Profitability Resource efficiency Success in meeting event objectives Stakeholder feedback

UNIT TITLE:	PREPARE INNOVATIVE DISSEMINATION MATERIALS BASED ON GP THEMES
UNIT NUMBER	APO-GPS CSTD-013
UNIT DESCRIPTOR:	Dissemination materials are designed to enhance and support the effectiveness of the learning process. They provide guidance, materials, learning and assessment activities, and relevant information that address the competencies/learning outcomes to be achieved by learners.
ELEMENTS	PERFORMANCE CRITERIA
1. Research and interpret	1.1. The brief , focus , and type of dissemination materials are clarified with the client.
innovative dissemination	1.2. The likely target audience , their learning needs, and the learning environment for the resources are researched .
materials	 The characteristics of the end users of the dissemination materials are identified.
	1.4. Existing information that may be relevant is gathered, collated, and analyzed.

		1.5. Ethical and legal considerations are identified and acted		
		upon.		
_	Decise the	1.6. A development work plan is written and documented.		
2.	0	2.1. A range of design options is generated using a variety of		
	dissemination	principles and techniques.		
	materials and	2.2. Time is taken to reflect on the designs, identifying the		
	plan the contents	implications of each.		
		2.3. The diversity of end users and their learning styles are		
		researched and embedded into the design specifications. 2.4. An outline or prototype for the dissemination materials is		
		developed and confirmed with the client.		
		2.5. The content specifications of the learning products are		
		analyzed and the proposed content is mapped out.		
		2.6. The breadth and depth of the proposed content are		
		determined, in accordance with the design prototype, content		
		specifications, and financial constraints.		
		2.7. Relevant personnel are identified to support the		
		development phase, if needed.		
3.	Develop	3.1. Innovative contents and content specification are developed		
-	innovative	in accordance with the agreed design.		
	program contents	3.2. Innovative modifications are made to the design and/or		
		contents, where necessary, to address changes in project		
		parameters.		
		3.3. Mechanisms for reviewing work in progress are established.		
		3.4. Text is clear, concise, grammatically correct, and appropriate		
		for the intended audience.		
		3.5. Visual aids are relevant, instructive, and appropriate for the		
		intended audience.		
		3.6. The resource is formatted using an appropriate innovative		
		style guide		
4.	Review	4.1. Contents of the resources are checked to ensure the		
	dissemination	accuracy and relevance of information against content		
	materials prior to	specifications.		
	implementation	4.2. Text, format, and visual design are checked for clarity and		
		focus.		
		4.3. An external review is conducted using appropriate methods ,		
		and feedback is incorporated where relevant.		
		4.4. The final draft is reviewed against the brief and other relevant criteria to ensure that it meets all requirements prior to		
		delivery to the client.		
5.	Evaluate the	5.1. The design and development process are reviewed against		
0.	design and	appropriate evaluation criteria.		
	development	5.2. Time is taken to reflect and identify areas for improvement.		
	process	5.3. Identified improvements are documented for future projects.		
E\				

To demonstrate competency in this unit, candidates must be able to provide evidence that they have designed and developed dissemination materials.

The dissemination materials provided as evidence must: clearly identify the target audience; be appropriate to the target group; and be well structured, clear, interesting, appropriate, easy to use, and accessible.

Competency also requires demonstrated ability to research dissemination materials requirements and contents, seek and accept feedback, work effectively with a project team or other experts as required, and critically evaluate own work.

CRITICAL SKILLS AND ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE

Critical aspects and essential knowledge for assessment and evidence are required to demonstrate competency in this unit.

- Critical skills include the ability to:
 - review and analyze
 - o communication and interpersonal skills
 - computer/technical skills
 - literacy/writing skills
 - $_{\circ}$ time management
 - develop a range of learning activities
 - research
- Essential knowledge includes:
 - GP framework
 - GP methodology
 - GP techniques
 - Visual design principles/techniques
 - Research and evaluation techniques
 - Relevant GP policy, legislation, codes of practice, and national standards

RANGE STATEMENT

The brief of the dissemination materials• A client proposalmay include:• Identified gaps in the GP implementation project • An organizational needFocus of the dissemination materials may include:• Complete GP project implementation • A GP implementation programTypes of dissemination materials may include:• User guides • Facilitator guides • Professional development materials • Other published, commercially available support • Competency standards as learning resources • Videos • CDs and audiotapes • References and texts • Manuals • Record/log booksThe dissemination materials:• A client proposal • User guides • Professional development materials • Other published, commercially available support • Competency standards as learning resources • Videos • References and texts • Manuals • Record/log books • Materials produced in languages other than English as appropriate to target group learners and the workplaceThe dissemination materials:Are designed to enhance and support the effectiveness of the dissemination activities, and relevant information that addresses the dissemination outcomes to be achieved.Likely target audience and learning• Who the dissemination materials are for • What the dissemination materials are designed to do		
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	and learning	\circ What the dissemination materials a re designed to do
environment must o How the dissemination materials will be used	environment must	
include: • Where the dissemination materials will be used	include:	 Where the dissemination materials will be used

		Possible media to be used
Research may include:	0	Interviews
Research may molude.	0	
	0	Focus groups Informal discussions
	0	Literature reviews
	0	Internet research
	0	Evaluations of existing products
	0	Questionnaires
	0	Workshops
Characteristics of the	0	Level of prior experience/knowledge of content area
end users may include:	0	Skill/competency profile
	0	Range of and response to previous learning experiences
	0	Level of education
	0	Socioeconomic background, age, and gender
	0	Current work
	0	Work culture
	0	Cultural and ethnic background
	0	English language, literacy, and numeracy needs
Existing information may	0	Industry/end user needs
include:	0	Industry best practices and culture
	0	Existing dissemination materials
	0	Modules
	0	Workplace procedures, documentation, and requirements
	0	Industry coverage
	0	Roles and responsibilities of groups and individuals
	0	Information from industry experts and advisers
Ethical and legal	0	Contract preparation
considerations may	0	Meeting contractual requirements
include:	0	Intellectual property rights
	0	Regulatory requirements including OHS
	0	Organizational requirements
	0	Equity issues and needs
	0	Potential legal consequences of false, misleading, or
		incorrect information
Development work plan	0	Timelines and milestones to be achieved
may include:		
	0	Scheduled meetings and focus groups
	0	Consultative processes
	0 0	Consultative processes Handover requirements
	0 0 0	Consultative processes Handover requirements Equipment and dissemination materials needed
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	1
	 Options for presenting text-based information, e.g.,
	straight text, question-and-answer format, and case
	studies
	 Visual design
	 Sequencing of material
	 Sources of further information/further reading
	 Style guides
	 Visual attractiveness
Principles and	 Creative thinking,
techniques may include:	 Visual/graphic design,
	 Research and evaluation
Reflection may include:	 Asking key questions
	 Discussing details with others
	 Standing back from work
	 Setting specified times for reflection
	 Reviewing personal skills
Learning styles may	• Theoretical
include:	• Pragmatic
	o Active
	o Reflective
	o Kinesthetic
	o Auditory
	o Visual
The outline or prototype	 Mock-ups
may include:	 o Frameworks
	◦ Models
	 Format specifications
Content specifications	 Requirements of relevant competency
may include:	standards/benchmarks
	• OHS requirements
	• Work practices and procedures
	• Culture and ethics of the learner/end user environment
	 Organizational requirements
	 Copyright/intellectual property agreements/
	acknowledgments
Relevant personnel may	 Subject matter/technical experts
include:	 Industry experts
	• Colleagues
	○ Users
	 Industry stakeholders
	• Specialist consultants, e.g., language, literacy, and
Machanisma may	numeracy specialist
Mechanisms may include:	• Verbal or written communication with relevant personnel
	 Verbal or written communication with content experts Project undates
	 Project updates Internal/external reviews of drafts
Style guides may include:	
Style guides may include:	 Fonts, typefaces, and print sizes Line spacing
	 Line spacing White space
	• White space
	• Icons
	 Use of icons, photographs, pictures, and diagrams Signacting
	 Signposting
	o Logos

	~	DEST Style Cuide
	0	DEST Style Guide
	0	Client style guide
Methods may include:	0	Evaluation by experts
	0	Pilot-test groups
	0	Focus groups
	0	Questionnaires
	0	Checklists
	0	Workshops
	0	Telephone interviews
Evaluation criteria may	0	Meeting the brief
include:	0	Satisfaction of the client
	0	Timeliness
	0	Cost
	0	Design issues/modifications required
	0	Blockages and responses
	0	Team effectiveness/cohesion
	0	Level of expertise required/available

Annex B: Additional Domain Expertise/Competencies of Certified Master Green Productivity Specialists (Tier 2)

UNIT TITLE:	CONDUCT APPLIED RESEARCH ON GP DEVELOPMENT
UNIT NUMBER	APO-GPS CSTD-014
UNIT DESCRIPTOR:	This unit deals with the skills, knowledge, and attitudes required to undertake applied research and analysis on GP Development. This unit contains employability skills.
ELEMENTS	PERFORMANCE CRITERIA
 Identify and undertake applied 	1.1. Information needs are defined based on work objectives and client and organizational requirements.
research	1.2. Potential sources of information and the format in which they are presented are evaluated and selected in line with the purpose and audience for the research.
	1.3. Strategies are developed to acquire necessary information in accordance with GP legislation , policy , and procedures .
	1.4. Research is conducted in a timely, thorough manner within resource allocations.
	1.5. The quantity, quality, and relevance of initial research results are assessed and gaps filled using the same or adjusted strategies.
	1.6. The methods and outcomes of research as well as the criteria used to make information decisions and choices are clearly communicated.
2. Analyze information and	2.1. Information from various sources is examined, compared, and evaluated for content , structure, and logic.
apply the results of analysis	2.2. Analytical techniques and processes are selected in line with defined objectives.
	2.3. Information is collated, consolidated, and analyzed and outcomes are reported to senior staff in accordance with organizational policy and procedures.
	2.4. Facts, issues, patterns, interrelationships, and trends are identified through analysis in accordance with research aims.
	2.5. Agreed project timelines are met, and the defined standards of the organization are followed for all work.
3. Maintain information	3.1. Information systems are maintained, validated, and reconciled so that data and system integrity is assured.
systems	3.2. A range of standard and complex information systems and applications is maintained in accordance with organizational standards.
	3.3. Information systems are reviewed and updated as necessary
4. Compile reports from information	4.1. The findings from analyzing information are used to meet client/organizational needs and standards.
systems	4.2. The contents of reports are organized and presented in a manner appropriate to the purposes of the organization and audience.
	4.3. Reporting of results is sequenced logically, concisely, and clearly and includes predictions, assumptions, and constraints where relevant.
EVIDENCE GUIDE	

To demonstrate competency, the candidate must meet all performance criteria and skills and knowledge requirements. The candidate must be able to:

- Demonstrate all of the elements and performance criteria in this unit, within 5 dimensions of competencies (task skills, task management skills, contingency skills, job/role environment skills, and transfer skills).
- Produce clear, understandable written/verbal/visual communication.
- Provide prompt responses to requests for information.

CRITICAL SKILLS AND ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE

Critical aspects and essential knowledge for assessment and evidence are required to demonstrate competency in this unit

- Critical skills include the ability to:
 - Use GP tools
 - Access and use information ethically and legally
 - Perform statistical analysis
 - Use critical analysis techniques
 - Presenting information in a variety of ways such as report format, numerically, in tables, with graphs, and spatially
 - Apply problem solving and refer problems as required
- Essential knowledge includes:
 - Legislation, policies, procedures, and guidelines relating to information handling in GP plan development
 - Data collection and management procedures
 - Organizational information handling and storage procedures
 - Cultural aspects and meaning of information
 - Economic, legal, and social issues associated with the use of information
 - Databases and data storage systems
 - Equal employment opportunity, equity, and diversity principles

RANGE STATEMENT

 Sources of 	 APO sources
information may	 Organizational materials
include:	 Client information
	 Market trends
	 Library resources
	 Statistical information
	 Legislation
	 Policies
 Information formats 	o Multimedia
may include:	 Databases
	 Websites
	 Datasets
	 Audiovisual
	 Printed/word-processed documents
	o Books
	 Gazettes and other publications
	o Reports
	 Pivotal tables

•	Strategies may include: Legislation, policy, and procedures may include:	 Research plans Search strategies tailored to the information retrieval system selected: using key concepts and terms using classification schemes using search engines using analysis systems using data warehouse systems using internal organizers such as indexes in books APO policies, standards, and guidelines especially relating to GP Government policy National standards Organizational policies and practices
		 Organizational codes of conduct
<u> </u>	Evolution of context	Internet etiquette (netiquette)
	Evaluation of content may include:	 Reliability Validity Accuracy Authority Currency Point of view Bias Prejudice Deception Manipulation Supporting arguments Contradictions Different viewpoints Cultural, physical, or other contexts in which the information was created Impact of context on interpretation Comparison of new with prior knowledge Whether information contradicts or verifies information from other sources
•	Analysis may include:	 Statistical methods Mathematical calculations Critical analysis Problem solving Forecasting
•	Information systems may include:	 Computers and networks Communication channels Record management guidelines Data Procedures Protocols Legislation, guidelines, and awards Organizational, legal, and policy materials Client information Market trends Registries and file records Library systems

 Financial records Basic statistical information Personnel records 	
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UN	IIT TITLE:	DEVE	ELOP GP POLICY FOR ORGANIZATION
UN	IIT NUMBER	APO	-GPS CSTD-015
UN	IIT DESCRIPTOR:	to dev emplo confir plann analy	unit deals with the skills, knowledge, and attitudes required velop GP policy for organizations. This unit contains byability skills. This unit also covers anticipating and ming the need for GP policy development or review; ing the policy development process; gathering and zing information; determining GP policy direction; and ng, releasing, and promoting GP policy.
EL	EMENTS	PERF	ORMANCE CRITERIA
1.	 Anticipate and confirm the need for GP policy 	1.1.	Internal and external factors, issues, events, directions, or board/executive policies likely to cause changes in the organizational GP policy are identified.
	development or review	1.2.	Likely implications and impacts of these factors are discussed with stakeholders
		1.3.	Critical analysis of the need for new or revised policy in the changing internal/external environment is performed.
		1.4.	Priority areas are recommended for GP policy development in accordance with organizational procedures.
2.	Plan the GP policy development process	2.1.	Risks of issues likely to impact the GP policy development process are identified and analyzed.
		2.2.	GP policy requirements are outlined in a policy development plan in accordance with organizational procedures.
3.	Gather and analyze information for policy	3.1.	A representative group of stakeholders is identified and engaged in a GP policy network .
	development	3.2.	Information required is analyzed and applied to support the policy development process.
		3.3.	An analytical framework for the development of the policy is determine and applied.
4.	Determine GP policy direction	4.1.	A range of GP policy options and assessment criteria is developed and communicated to enable effective evaluation.
		4.2.	Specific policy options are promoted where appropriate.
		4.3.	Preferred policy and risk management options are recommended in the policy development plan.
		4.4.	Approvals/endorsements are obtained for the policy development plan following organizational procedures.
5.	Draft GP policy	5.1.	A GP policy is drafted within an iterative process of consultation, feedback, identification of changes, and redrafting.
		5.2.	Risk management processes are implemented to ensure progress and achievement of milestones within the time frame.

-			
		5.3.	An implementation plan is included in the policy detailing responsibilities for implementation and strategies for transition, change management, initial and ongoing training, and maintenance of the policy.
		5.4.	Mechanisms for monitoring policy compliance with quality assurance and evaluation are included.
		5.5.	The GP policy is developed in accordance with
			organizational requirements for style, format, and
			contents.
6.	Release and promote GP policy	6.1.	The policy is approved and released via organizational channels and critical stakeholders.
		6.2.	All stakeholders, particularly those responsible for
			implementation, are fully informed on details of the new or revised policy.
		6.3.	Stakeholders manage any questions or disagreements on the policy development plan.
		6.4.	The GP policy is released and promoted in accordance with organizational requirements.
1			

To demonstrate competency, the candidate must meet all performance criteria and skills and knowledge requirements. The candidate must be able to:

- Demonstrate all of the elements and performance criteria in this unit, within 5 dimensions of competencies (task skills, task management skills, contingency skills, job/role environment skills, and transfer skills).
- Produce clear, understandable written/verbal/visual communication.
- Provide prompt responses to requests for information.

CRITICAL SKILLS AND ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE

Critical aspects and essential knowledge for assessment and evidence are required to demonstrate competency in this unit.

- Critical skills include ability in:
 - Reading and evaluating complex formal documents such as GP policy and legislation
 - Researching, analyzing, and presenting information
 - Preparing written reports requiring precision of expression and language and structures suited to the intended audience
 - Working as a member of a team to consult on and validate GP policy
 - Adjusting communication to suit different audiences
 - o Responding to diversity, including gender and disability
 - Dealing with different points of view and dissenting stakeholders
 - Accessing policies and legislation electronically or in hard copy
 - Identifying and addressing the GP, environmental, sustainability, and OHS implications of policy under development
- Essential knowledge includes:
 - Legislation, policies, procedures, and guidelines relating to information handling in GP policy development
 - Policy cycles and how they affect stakeholders
 - Analytical policy development frameworks
 - o Current policies underpinning the work area
 - Organizational and governmental GP procedures and protocols

- Equal employment opportunity, equity, and diversity principles
- GP, environmental, sustainability, and OHS implications of policy under development

RANGE STATEMENT

Internal and external factors may include:	 Internal: restructuring new service models amalgamation with other departments/agencies new work practices External: legislative changes changing social trends economic/technological changes
Events may include:	 Restructuring Amalgamation Changes in legal risks Changes in strategic directions Changes in legislation and government policies Pilot tests or trials of policy
Organizational policy may include:	 Any aspect of an organization's business such as policies relating to: core business client services business structure human resources administration financial management work practices training information technology technical/professional requirements legal requirements environmental and sustainability practices
Stakeholders may include:	 Individuals and groups inside and outside the organization who have direct interest in the organization's conduct, actions, products, and services, including: employees at all levels public-sector organizations private-sector organizations NGOs Other jurisdictions Unions and association representatives Boards of management Government Ministers Clients The public
Approving authorities	\circ CEOs
may include:	 Delegated officers such as policy managers

	• Senior managers
	 Board of management
	 Managing directors
Issues may include:	 Political sensitivities
	 Social and cultural sensitivities/factors
	 Equity in service delivery and employment practices
	 Resource implications (of policy implementation)
	 Technological influences/implications
	 Jurisdictional boundaries/crossovers
	 "Sunken cost" restrictions
	 Nonconsenting stakeholders at the final stage of the policy
	development process
	 Existing awards or agreements affecting staff, including
	enterprise bargaining agreements
Policy requirements	o Context
may be defined in terms	o Rationale
of:	 Issues to be addressed
	 Expected outcomes
	• Time frame
	 Research methods
	 Resource requirements for development
	• Key stakeholders
	 Communication strategy
	 Feedback mechanisms for review
	o Milestones
	o Precedents
	 Risk analysis
	 Possible complications
	 Success measures
	 Impact on equity
	 Possible resource implications during implementation
Policy development	 Policy objectives/outcomes
plans may include:	• Timelines
	• Methodology, i.e., a cyclical process of consultation,
	feedback, identification of changes, and redrafting
	 Stakeholders
	 Risks/risk management
	 Performance criteria for review and evaluation
	 Dissemination and promotion activities
	 Implementation issues
Establishment and	• Communication and information strategy to receive required
maintenance of a policy	ranges of opinions
network may include:	• Range of communication channels for providing information
	 Range of input strategies for obtaining information
Information gathering	 Consulting with stakeholders, including specialists on
may include:	relevant issues
	 Focus groups
	 Developments in other public- or private-sector
	organizations
	 Evaluation of similar policies
	• Benchmarking against other organizations/work functions
	 Accessing information in current and closed files
	○ Surveys

	Litereture reviewe
	Literature reviews
	 Internet research
Analytical frameworks	 Logical/rational (including best practices)
may include:	 Incremental
	Radical transformation
Criteria for choice of	 Likely effectiveness in terms of:
preferred policy options	 meeting policy objectives
may include:	 minimizing risks
	 impact on day-to-day implementation throughout the
	organization
	 practicality in daily operations
	 competing priorities in the workplace
	 constraints
	 structure and culture of the organization
	 implementation time frame and costs (including
	infrastructure)
	 interaction with other policies (existing or being
	developed)
	 consistency with broader government agendas
Organizational	 Forward-looking
requirements for style,	 Outward-looking
format, and contents	 Principle-based
may require policies to	 Innovative, creative, flexible
be:	 Evidence-based
	o Inclusive
	 Consistent
	 Self-contained, with adequate coverage of the subject
	 Accessible to the intended audience/understandable to all
	users
	 Gender-neutral and written in nondiscriminatory language
	 Version-controlled to support evaluation and revision
Outcomes of the policy	 Nature of the policy change
development process	 Outcomes expected by stakeholders
may include:	o Issues
	 Expected costs
	o Timelines
	 Contextual factors (including any impact on other related
	policies)
Promotion of policy	• Formal launch
may include:	 Information sessions
	• Presentations
	 Ongoing advice
	 Intranet posts
	 Website reports
	 Advertising where policy is located and how to access it

UNIT TITLE:	DEVELOP PUBLIC POLICY ON GP
UNIT NUMBER	APO-GPS CSTD-016
UNIT DESCRIPTOR:	This unit deals with the skills, knowledge, and attitudes required to develop GP public policy. This unit contains employability skills. The unit includes anticipating and confirming the need for GP public policy development

			view; planning the GP policy development
			ess; gathering and analyzing information;
			mining GP policy directions; and drafting, gaining
			ement for, and disseminating GP public policy.
	.EMENT		FORMANCE CRITERIA
1.	Anticipate and confirm the	1.1.	Events, issues, or government policies likely to
	need for GP public policy		cause changes in public policy are identified.
	development or review	1.2.	The likely implications and impact of these
			factors that might require public policy
			development are identified and prioritised in
			consultation with stakeholders.
		1.3.	Critical analysis of the need for new or revised
			public policy is conducted that includes a scan of
			both internal and external environments,
			checking related policies for context, and
			identifying other public policies likely to be
			impacted.
		1.4.	Priority areas for GP public policy
			development/review are recommended in
			accordance with government directions.
		1.5.	Confirmation of the need for GP public policy
			development/review and supporting evidence are
			detailed in accordance with policy and
			procedures.
2.	Plan public policy	2.1.	The approving authority is confirmed and
	development process		procedures and protocols for GP public policy
			development are confirmed and applied.
		2.2.	Issues likely to impact the policy development
			process are identified, analyzed in terms of risk,
			and addressed in policy development planning.
		2.3.	Public policy requirements are outlined in a
			policy development plan in accordance with
			organizational procedures.
3.	Gather and analyze	3.1.	
	information for public GP		the establishment and maintenance of a public
	policy development		policy network.
		3.2.	Information required to support the policy
			development process is gathered , analyzed, and
			interpreted.
		3.3.	An analytical framework for the development of
			public policy is determined and applied.
4.	Determine GP public policy	4.1.	Strategic input is obtained from high-level staff in
	direction		accordance with organizational/public-sector
			protocols.
		4.2.	A range of policy options and criteria for choice
			are developed and communicated in a timely,
			understandable way to those responsible for
			selecting the policy direction.
		4.3.	Where appropriate, specific policy options are
		- .	promoted among key individuals, organizations,
			and groups.
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	4.4. A preferred public policy option is identified and risk management processes are determined in accordance with the policy development plan.
	4.5. Approvals/endorsements are obtained in accordance with the policy development plan and public-sector procedures and protocols.
5. Draft GP public policy	5.1. Public policy is drafted using a cyclical process of consultation, feedback, identification of changes, and redrafting in accordance with the policy development plan.
	5.2. Risk management processes are implemented in accordance with the policy development plan to ensure progress and achievement of milestones under the time frame.
	5.3. An implementation plan detailing responsibilities for implementation and strategies for transition, change management, initial and ongoing training, and maintenance of the policy is drafted.
	5.4. Mechanisms for monitoring compliance with the policy, quality assurance, and evaluation are included in the policy.
	5.5. The policy is developed in accordance with organizational requirements for style, format, and contents.
6. Release and promote the GP public policy	6.1. Public policy is cleared through required channels, and agreement of critical stakeholders is obtained in accordance with the policy development plan.
	6.2. All stakeholders, particularly those responsible for implementing the new or revised policy, are fully informed of the outcomes , and questions/issues raised by stakeholders are managed in accordance with the policy development plan.
	6.3. The policy is released and promoted in accordance with government requirements.
	6.4. Advice is provided to those affected by policy changes in accordance with organizational policy and procedures.

To demonstrate competency, the candidate must meet all performance criteria and skills and knowledge requirements. The candidate must be able to:

- Demonstrate all of the elements and performance criteria in this unit, within 5 dimensions of competencies (task skills, task management skills, contingency skills, job/role environment skills, and transfer skills).
- Produce clear, understandable written/verbal/visual communication.
- Provide prompt responses to requests for information.
- Have access to:
 - Public-sector policy and legislation
 - o Public-sector standards, procedures, and protocols
 - Policy development guidelines

CRITICAL SKILLS AND ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE

Critical aspects and essential knowledge for assessment and evidence are required to demonstrate competency in this unit.

- Critical skills include ability in:
 - Reading and evaluating complex formal GP documents
 - Researching, analyzing, and presenting information
 - Preparing written reports requiring precision of expression and language and structures suited to the intended audience
 - Working as a member of an interagency team to consult on and validate policy
 - Adjusting communication to suit different audiences
 - Responding to diversity, including gender and disability
 - Dealing with different points of view and dissenting stakeholders
 - Accessing policies and legislation electronically or in hard copy
 - Identifying and addressing the environmental, sustainability, and OHS implications of policy being developed
- Essential knowledge includes:
 - o GP policy development processes and practices in the public sector
 - Current policies underpinning the work area
 - Government procedures and protocols
 - Public-sector codes of ethics and codes of conduct
 - Principles of community engagement in policy development
 - o Equal employment opportunity, equity, and diversity principles
 - o Environmental, sustainability, and OHS implications of policy being developed

RANGE STATEMENT

Events may include:	 Machinery of government changes Shifts to designing policy around a set of government priorities instead of organizational structures/individual agencies A focus on whole-of-government policies Changes in legal risks Emphasis on policy research focused on the mid to long term, as well as that developed to meet immediate needs of government National or international events such as: changes in government changes in government policy changes in strategic directions changes in legislation changes in the policies of other governments changing social trends economic/technological changes
Public policy may include:	 Ongoing policy formulation to meet the immediate needs of government Evidence-based policy Policy focused on the medium to long term Any aspect of life or public-sector services or practices for which government considers policy development is required

Stakeholders may include:	 All individuals and groups both inside and outside the government that have direct interest in government conduct, actions, products, and services, including: employees at all levels of the public sector government Ministers clients
	 the public other public-sector organizations other jurisdictions union and association representatives boards of management international governments international bodies community groups NGOs special interest groups key individuals of influence
Approving authorities may include:	 CEOs Delegated officers, such as policy managers Senior managers Board of management Managing directors
Issues may include:	 Political sensitivities Social and cultural sensitivities/factors Resource implications of policy implementation Technological influences/implications Jurisdictional issues "Sunken cost" restrictions Nonconsenting stakeholders in the final policy development process Refusal to be involved or blocking or hampering the policy development process
Policy requirements may be defined in terms of:	 Context Rationale Issues to be addressed Expected outcomes Time frame Business/government cycles Research methods Resource requirements for development Key stakeholders Communication strategy Feedback mechanisms for review Milestones Precedents Risk analysis Possible complications Success measures/learning from failure or previous problems

	• Possible resource implications for implementation
Information gathering may include:	 Stakeholder consultation Developments across the public sector or in private- sector organizations Evaluation of similar policies Benchmarking (including internationally) Current and closed files Surveys Literature reviews Internet research Comparisons with approaches in other countries
Analytical frameworks may include:	 Logical/rational (including best practices) Incremental Radical transformation
Criteria for choice of preferred policy options may include:	 Likely effectiveness Implementation time frame and costs (including infrastructure) Interaction with other policies (existing or being developed) Consistency with broader government and community agendas
Organizational requirements for style, format, and contents may require policies to be:	 Forward-looking Outward-looking Principle-based Innovative, creative, and flexible Evidence-based Inclusive Consistent Self-contained, with adequate coverage of the subject Accessible to the intended audience and understandable to all users Gender-neutral and written in nondiscriminatory language
Outcomes of the policy development process may include:	 Nature of the policy change Outcomes expected by stakeholders Issues Expected costs Timelines Contextual factors (including any impact on other related policies)
Promotion of policy may include:	 Formal launch National campaigns Information sessions Presentations Media campaigns Ongoing advice

Severity	Nature of Infringement	Recommended Disciplinary Actions
Minor	 Poor quality of services or failure complete an assignment without an acceptable reason Failure to demonstrate impartiality and independence during an assignment Accidental breach of a client's confidentiality, trade secrets, and individual privacy Misuse of the APO Certification Scheme or materials related to scheme Other infringements of the Code of Professional Conduct 	 The Certified Person will be allowed to provide feedback on the issue. A written warning will be issued if the Certified Person is found to have infringed the Code of Professional Conduct.
Moderate	 Repeated infringement(s) of minor severity Misrepresentation by allowing the use of Certified Person's certification for others to secure assignments Infringement of copyrights and use of intellectual property of others without consent 	 Counselling interview with a Disciplinary Panel that may give the Certified Person another chance by reducing the sanction to a warning; OR Suspension* of certification for up to 12 months and delisting from the public list of Certification status will be reinstated at the end of the disciplinary action. All certification or recertification rules will apply.
Major	 Fraudulent practices with full intention to cheat for the purpose of securing the assignment or for monetary gain Breach of client's confidential information for own commercial gains Falsifying information or documents for applying for certification, job assignments, and various government schemes Infringement of laws and government regulations Performing actions that severely affect the image of the APO, APO- AB, NPO, CBs, and the Productivity Specialist community 	 Immediate withdrawal* of certification and delisting from the public list of Certified Persons. Those from whom certification is withdrawn will be barred from application to become a Certified Person for a period of up to 36 months.

Annex C: Nature of Infringement and Recommended Disciplinary Actions

*The APO-AB must be informed no more than 30 days after disciplinary action related to suspension and withdrawal of certification is taken. The notification must include details of the offense and the disciplinary action taken.

Annex D: Certification Logos

Certified persons are entitled to use the APO Certification of Persons logos specific to their level of certification. The APO Certification of Persons logos feature the APO-AB symbol that shows the common APO element of a gear and grains on a stalk with a checkmark at the center. Part of the checkmark is a combination of dots, indicating the focus on the digital economy. The surrounding slashed circle represents the solid foundation of APO certified persons in term of continuous improvement, future orientation, digitization, and the plan-do-check-act cycle, while encompassing the domain expertise, process skills, and competency that APO certified persons must demonstrate. The use of the logo is subject to the terms and conditions stipulated by CBs and the APO-AB.

As shown in the table below, the series of Certified Green Productivity Specialist logos features a gradual transition of the typography, i.e., a transition of font types and sizes. This gradual transition also reflects the transformation and evolution of productivity specialists.

The logos indicate that the Certification of Green Productivity Specialists is one of the schemes developed under the APO Accreditation Program.

Level of Certification	Logo
Green Productivity Specialist	APO CERTIFIED G R E E N PRODUCTIVITY S P E C I A L I S T
Master Green Productivity Specialist	APO CERTIFIED G R E E N PRODUCTIVITY S P E C I A L I S T MASTER

Annex E: Document Issue and Development of Scheme

This Certification Scheme was approved by the Asian Productivity Organization Accreditation Body Council on 18 October 2019.

First published, 2019.

The Technical Working Group on the Development of Green Productivity Specialists Certification Scheme was appointed by the Asian Productivity Organization Accreditation Body Council and consists of the following members:

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